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## **REPORT No. 215**

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### **AIR FORCES, MOMENTS AND DAMPING ON MODEL OF FLEET AIRSHIP SHENANDOAH**

**By A. F. ZAHM, R. H. SMITH, and F. A. LOUDEN**

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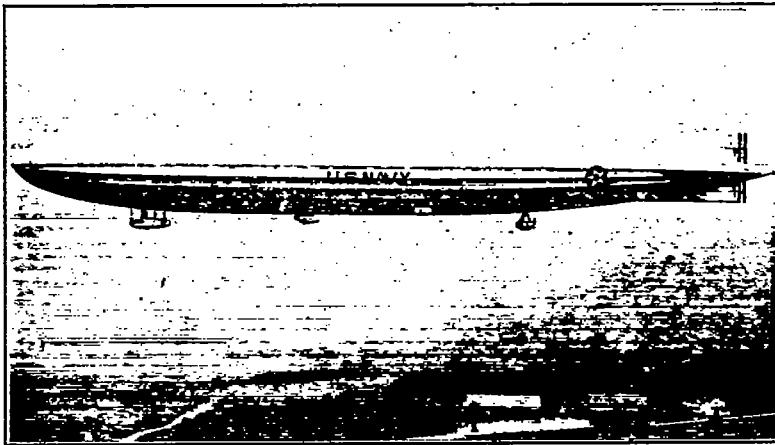
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## AIR FORCES, MOMENTS, AND DAMPING ON MODEL OF FLEET AIRSHIP SHENANDOAH

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### INTRODUCTION

To furnish data for the design of the fleet airship *Shenandoah*, a model was made and tested in the 8 by 8 foot wind tunnel for wind forces, moments, and damping, under conditions described in this report. The results are given for air of standard density,  $\rho = .00237$  slugs per cubic foot without  $VL/v$  correction, and with but a brief discussion of the aerodynamic design features of the airship. This account is a slightly revised form of Report No. 195, prepared for the Bureau of Aeronautics, July 22, 1922, and by it submitted for publication to the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics.



Fleet airship Shenandoah of which two models were made and used in these tests

### DESCRIPTION OF THE MODEL

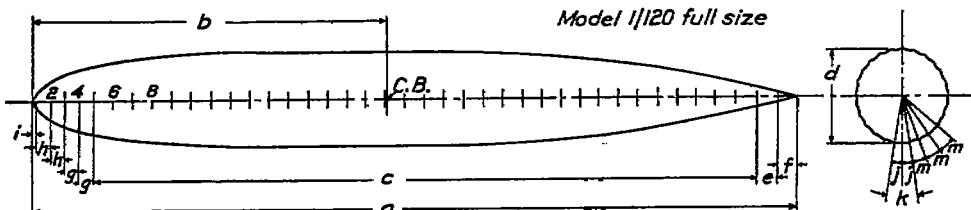
The model during its first tests was 67.75 inches long, and was then shortened 3.28 inches by removal of a cylindric midship section to receive further tests. The external appearance of the shorter hull is given in Figure 1; the dimensions of both are given in Figure 2. During the test the long hull was first bare, then fitted successively with the controls 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, shown in Figures 4, 5, 6; the short hull was first bare, then fitted successively with controls 5, 6A, 6B, 6C, 6D; the latter shown in Figure 7. The bodies were of dry pine and varnished; the movable controls all were of brass; the thin fins Nos. 1, 3, were of brass; the thick ones of wood. The cross sections of the fins at their thickest point is given in Figure 3, and the areas of the various fins and controls are given in Table I.

The following classification of the controls has been furnished by the Bureau of Aeronautics:

- Type 1.—Original L-49 controls, flat surfaces.
- Type 2.—Similar to Type 1, but surface double-cambered.
- Type 3.—Flat surfaces, cantilever balance, area approximately 20 per cent greater than Type 1.
- Type 4.—Similar to Type 3, but surfaces double-cambered.
- Type 5.—Internally braced fins, "Handley Page" balance. Area approximately the same as Type 3.
- Type 6.—Movable surfaces A, B, C, D with common fins slightly larger than fins 5.

Dimensions	Short size				Long size			
	Model	Full size			Model	Full size		
Length	64.468 inches	198.5 meters	= 644.7 feet		67.748 inches	206.6 meters	= 677.5 feet.	
Surface of hull	1,253.206 square inches.	11,648 square meters	= 125,321 square feet.		1,334.138 square inches.	12,395 square meters	= 133,414 cubic feet.	
Air volume of hull	2,131.598 cubic inches.	60,383 cubic meters	= 2,131,598 cubic feet.		2,283.736 cubic inches.	64,843 cubic meters	= 2,283,736 cubic feet.	
Maximum sectional area	48.220 square inches.	448 square meters	= 4,822 square feet.		48.220 square inches.	448 square meters	= 4,822 square feet.	
Mass of hull	0.00292 slugs	5,051.89 slugs			0.00314 slugs	5,428.67 slugs.		

Hinge of elevator and rudder, long model, is at station 41.  
Hinge of elevator and rudder, short model, is at station 39.



$$\begin{aligned}
 a &= 67.748" (1720.81 \text{ mm}) \text{ for long model} & d &= 7.874" (200.00 \text{ mm}) & m &= 24 \text{ gores} \\
 &64.468" (1637.49 \text{ "}) \text{ " short "} & e &= 1.773" (45.03 \text{ "}) & \text{except at stations} \\
 b &= 31.640" (803.66 \text{ "}) \text{ " long "} & f &= 1.675" (42.55 \text{ "}) & 38 \text{ to } 42 \text{ on long} \\
 &30.000" (762.00 \text{ "}) \text{ " short "} & g &= 1.315" (33.40 \text{ "}) & \text{model and } 36 \text{ to } 40 \\
 c &= 59.040" (1499.62 \text{ "}) \text{ " long "} & h &= 1.150" (29.21 \text{ "}) & \text{on short model,} \\
 &36 \text{ divisions } 1.64" (41.656 \text{ mm}) \text{ each} & i &= 0.330" (8.38 \text{ "}) & \text{where there are 12} \\
 c &= 55.760" (1416.31 \text{ mm}) \text{ for short model} & j &= 9.00" k = 16.00" & \text{gores } 28.5^\circ \text{ apart} \\
 &34 \text{ divisions } 1.64" \text{ each} & m &= 14.25" & = 342^\circ
 \end{aligned}$$

FIG. 2.—Models used in tests for Shenandoah

## SHORT MODEL

	Station No.																	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15-21	22	23	
Diameter of circumscribing circle specified	1.454	3.248	4.248	5.062	5.686	6.280	6.726	7.070	7.332	7.526	7.668	7.768	7.828	7.868	7.874	7.854	7.818	
Width of all gores except keel specified	.180	.403	.537	.628	.705	.779	.834	.877	.909	.933	.951	.964	.971	.975	.977	.974	.970	
Width of keel specified	.229	.510	.666	.793	.891	.984	1.054	1.108	1.149	1.179	1.201	1.217	1.226	1.231	1.233	1.230	1.225	

	Station No.																	
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	
Diameter of circumscribing circle specified	7.762	7.060	7.516	7.332	7.110	6.848	6.542	6.190	5.800	5.368	4.892	4.376	3.810	3.208	2.536	1.802	0.988	
Width of all gores except keel specified	.963	.950	.932	.909	.882	.849	.811	.768	.719	.666	.607	.539	.498	.790	.624	.443	.243	
Width of keel specified	1.216	1.200	1.177	1.149	1.114	1.072	1.025	.970	.909	.841	.767	.696	.697	.604	.398	.233	.000	

## LONG MODEL

	Station No.																	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15-23	24	25	
Diameter of circumscribing circle specified	1.454	3.248	4.248	5.062	5.686	6.280	6.726	7.070	7.332	7.526	7.668	7.768	7.828	7.868	7.874	7.854	7.818	
Width of all gores except keel specified	.180	.403	.537	.628	.705	.779	.834	.877	.909	.933	.951	.964	.971	.975	.977	.974	.970	
Width of keel specified	.229	.510	.666	.793	.891	.984	1.054	1.108	1.149	1.179	1.201	1.217	1.226	1.231	1.233	1.230	1.225	

	Station No.																	
	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	
Diameter of circumscribing circle specified	7.762	7.060	7.516	7.332	7.110	6.848	6.542	6.190	5.800	5.368	4.892	4.376	3.810	3.208	2.536	1.802	0.988	
Width of all gores except keel specified	.963	.950	.932	.909	.882	.849	.811	.768	.719	.666	.607	.539	.498	.790	.624	.443	.243	
Width of keel specified	1.216	1.200	1.177	1.149	1.114	1.072	1.025	.970	.909	.841	.767	.696	.697	.604	.398	.233	.000	

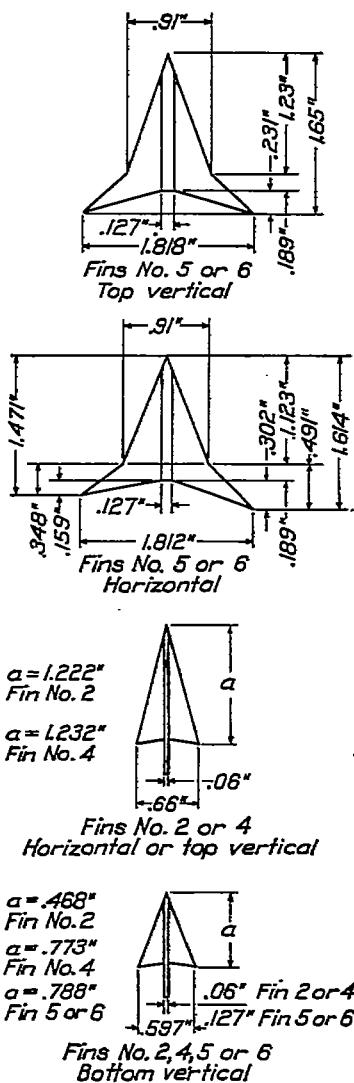


FIG. 3.—Cross section of fins at maximum thickness

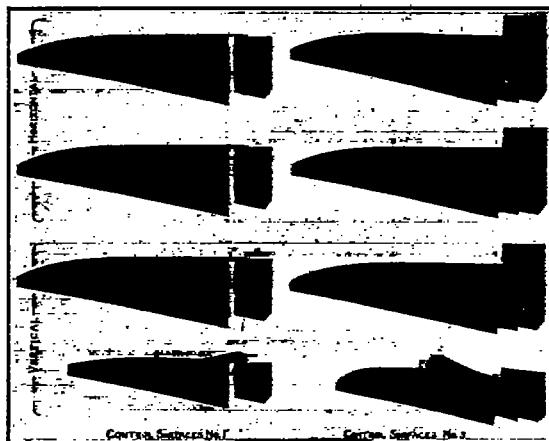


FIG. 4

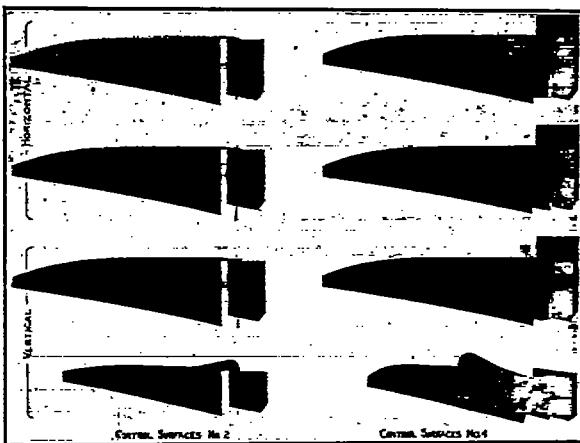


FIG. 5

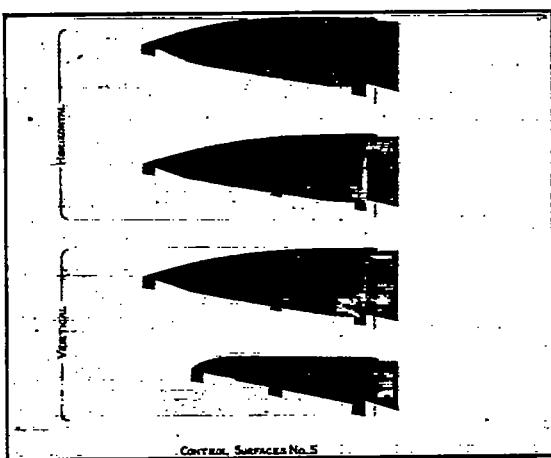


FIG. 6

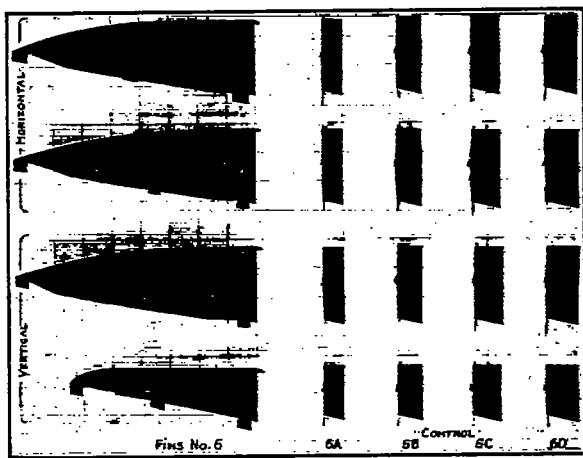


FIG. 7

### METHODS OF TEST

During the tests for forces and moments the models were supported from the flange at the bottom of the wind balance shank, as shown in Figure 1, by means of a horizontal frame, from which fine wires ran to suspension points on the hull before and after its center. The mechanism and operation of this balance are described in Report No. 146 of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics. The head-on net drag so obtained was checked by measurements on the bifilar balance. In the part of the tunnel under the first named balance the wind has no static pressure gradient, hence correction for horizontal buoyancy for that region was not necessary, as it was for the space under the bifilar balance.

During some of the tests five components of the air force,<sup>1</sup> i. e., the lift, drag, cross-wind force, pitching and yawing moments, were measured simultaneously.

The damping coefficients were determined with the aerodynamic oscillator shown in Figure 8. The oscillator axle had a counterweight at one end, and at the other ran squarely into the hull at its buoyancy center.

The wind speeds and model settings for the various tests are sufficiently disclosed in the tables and diagrams accompanying this text. The oscillation values in the tables are faired from three or four sets of observations made for each condition of model and wind.

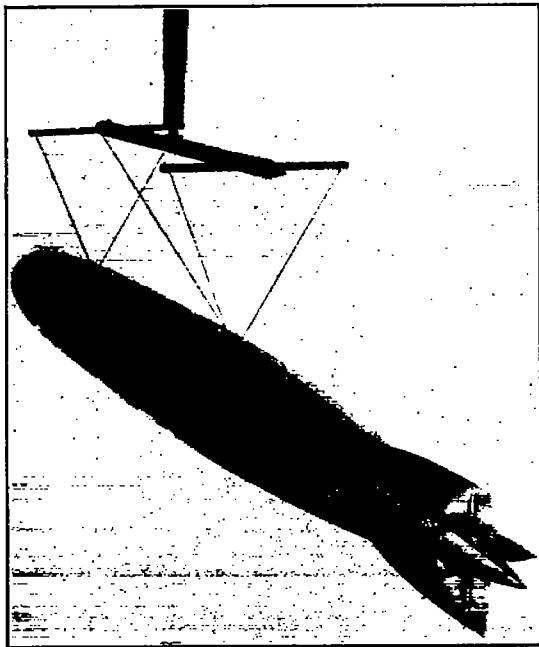


FIG. 1.—Model of fleet airship No. 1 suspended on wind balance

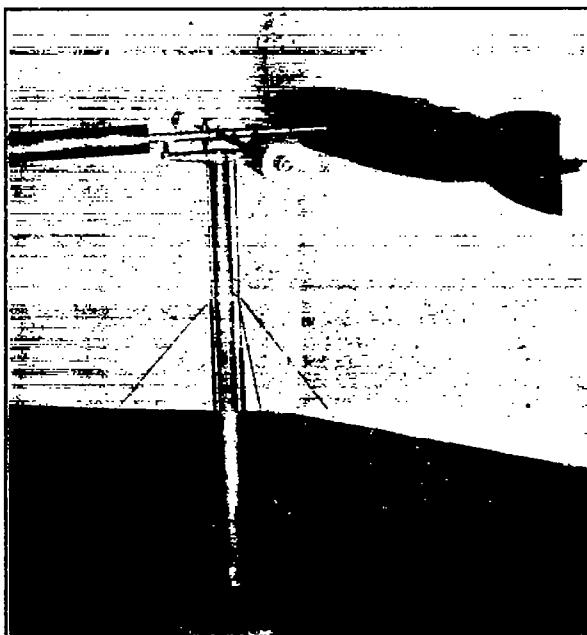


FIG. 8

### DRAG OF BARE HULLS

Tables II and III give the head-on drag and the shape coefficient for the bare hulls, long and short, as found for speeds of 20, 30, 40, 50, and 60 miles an hour; also the head-on drag and shape coefficient for 40 miles an hour, with control surfaces 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. Figs. 9 and 10 show familiar graphs of the head-on drag and shape coefficients for the two bare hulls, at speeds of 20 to 60 miles an hour. At speeds of 40 to 60 miles the long hull has 2 to 3 per cent more drag than the short one, but has a perceptibly smaller shape coefficient, due to its greater volume.

<sup>1</sup> "Dyname" may be used as the exact term for the entire urge of the air on the model. The dyname can have three components of force, and three of moment; for example X, Y, Z, L, M, N. See Routh, Analytical Statics, Vol. I

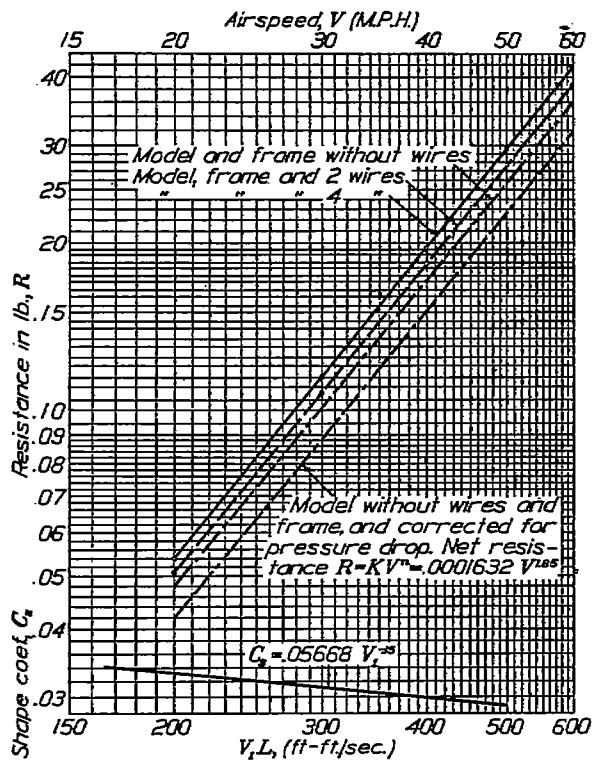


FIG. 9.—Resistance and shape coefficient for long model, bare hull, at 0° pitch and 0° yaw

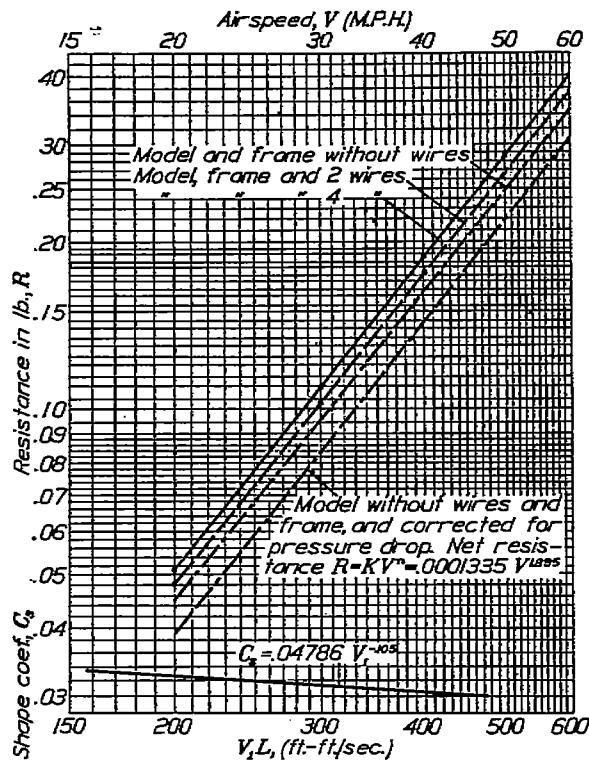


FIG. 10.—Resistance and shape coefficient for short model, bare hull, at 0° pitch and 0° yaw

The disk ratio and shape coefficient, as found at 40 miles an hour, are given for these two bare hulls and some earlier ones in the following table. The drag of a hull's major section, normally exposed as a thin disk, is taken as  $0.00283 SV^2$  pounds at  $V$  miles an hour, and the ratio of this force to the actual head-on drag of the hull is called the "disk ratio."

#### Comparison of various bare hulls

Model	Disk ratio	Shape coefficient $\frac{C_d}{2R}$ $= \frac{\rho(VOL)^{1/4} V^2}{2}$
Short Shenandoah.....	10.51	0.03122
Long Shenandoah.....	10.16	.03077
Goodrich B.....	15.4	.03090
E. P.....	17.2	.02932
C class.....	16.9	.02872

#### FORCES FOR VARIOUS ADJUSTMENTS

Tables IV to XV, inclusive, give, for numerous settings, the lift, drag, and side drag on the models, at 40 miles an hour, measured parallel to the axes of the tunnel and balance. Tables XVI to XXIII give the  $X$ ,  $Y$ ,  $Z$  forces thence derived by simple analysis. Figures 11 to 18 contain plots of the  $Y$ ,  $Z$  forces against angles of pitch and yaw. The  $X$  force is too nearly constant from model to model to justify plotting. Figures 14 and 18 show that the forces on the long hull can be closely estimated from the measured forces found with the short hull, thus obviating the need for repeating with the long hull many of the tests first made on the short one. In this estimate it is assumed that any air force increment due to adding the midship segment is the same when the hulls are bare as when furnished with either type of control.

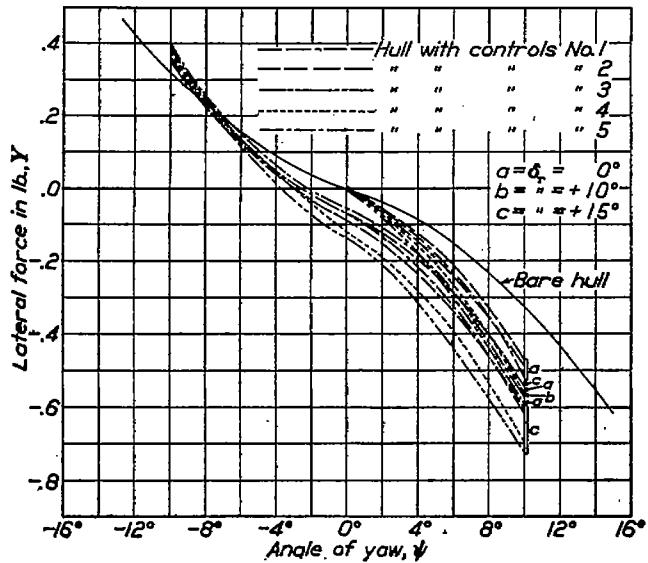


FIG. 11.—Y force for long model with controls Nos. 1 to 5. Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

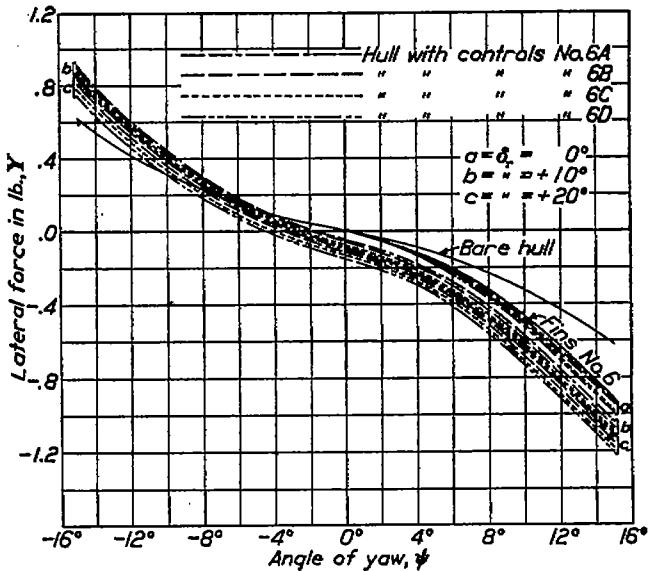


FIG. 12.—Y force for long model with controls No. 6. Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

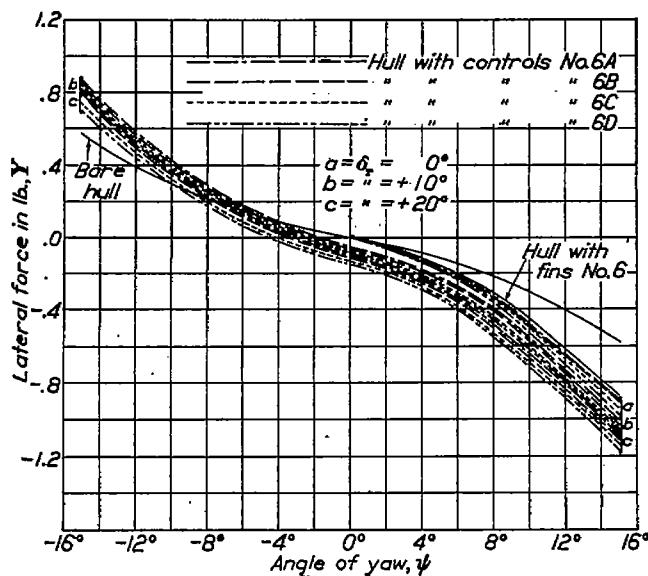


FIG. 13.—Y force for short model with controls No. 6. Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

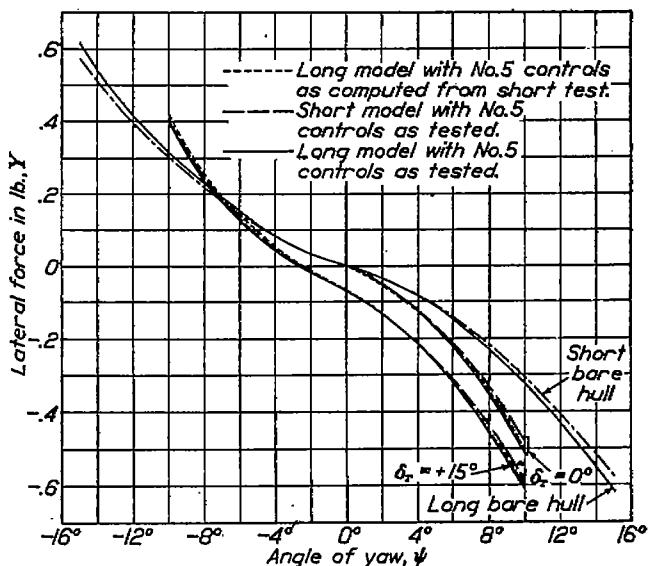


FIG. 14.—Comparison of tested and computed Y force. Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

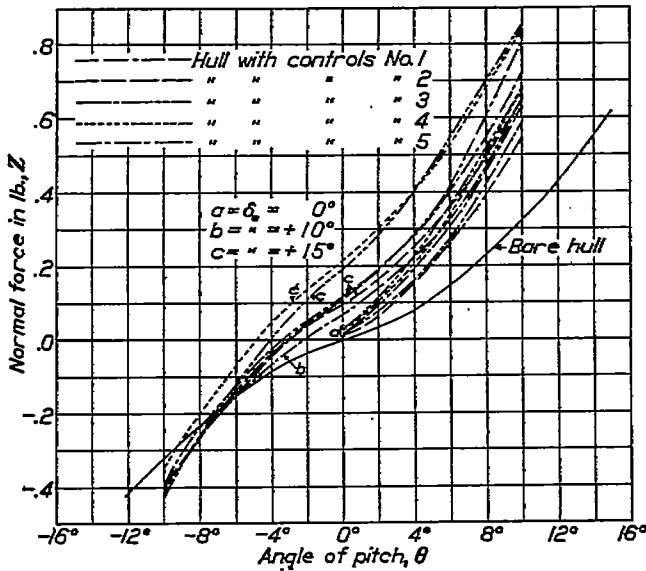


FIG. 15.—Z force for long model with controls No. 1 to 5. Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

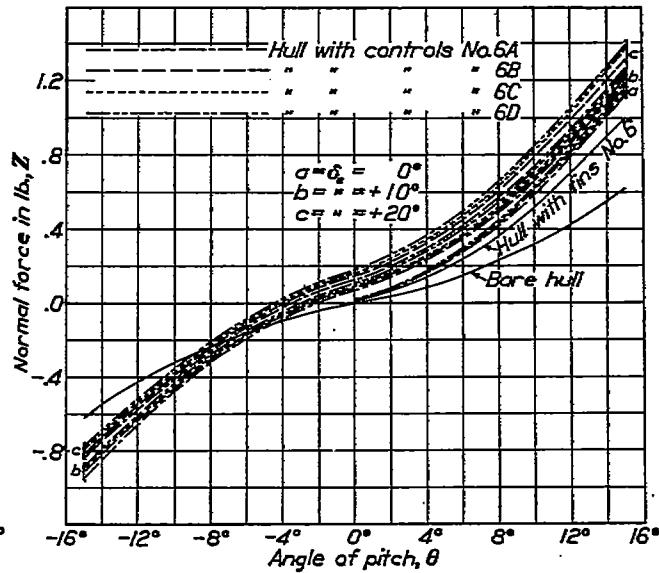


FIG. 16.—Z force for long model with controls No. 6. Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

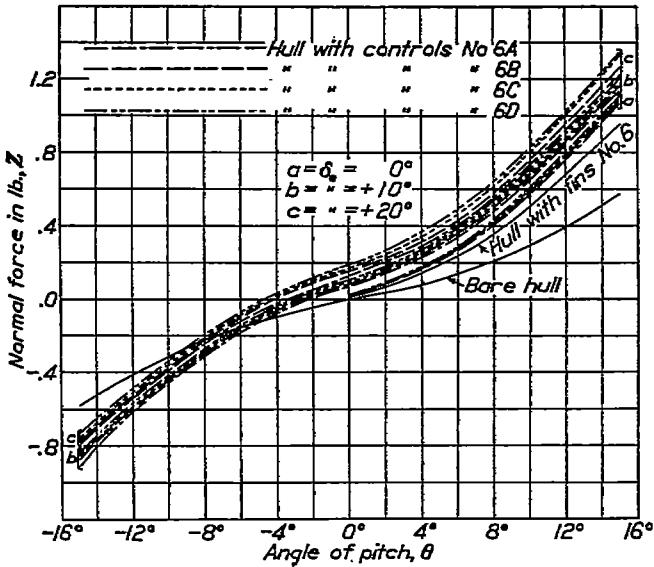


FIG. 17.—Z force for short model with controls No. 6. Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

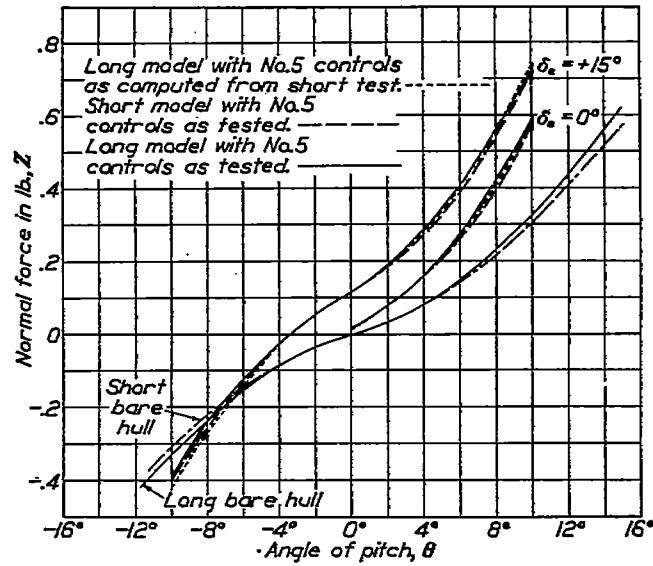


FIG. 18.—Comparison of tested and computed Z force. Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

#### MOMENTS FOR VARIOUS ADJUSTMENTS

Tables XXIV to XXX, inclusive, give the pitching and yawing moments, at 40 miles an hour, for the manifold conditions therein specified. Figures 19 to 25 contain plots of these moments against angles of pitch and yaw. Figures 22 and 26 show that the moments on the long model can be accurately estimated from measurements with the short one.

In this estimate the distance of the control force from the center of buoyancy of the short hull is computed as  $\Delta M/\Delta Z$ , where  $\Delta M$ ,  $\Delta Z$  are the increments of moment and force due to adding either type of control. This distance plus half the length of the midship segment is the arm of the control surface of the long hull. The product of this arm by the force on the control, plus the moment on the long bare hull, gives the total moment for the hull and control.

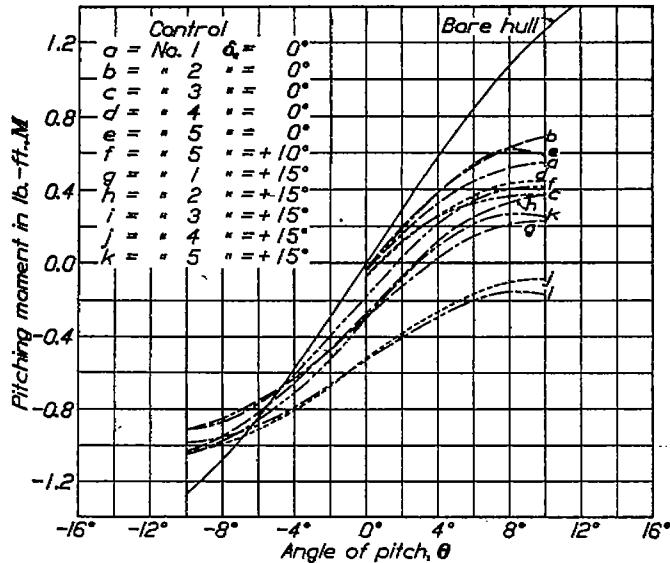


FIG. 19.—Pitching moment for long model about C. B. Bare hull and hull with controls, Nos. 1 to 5. Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

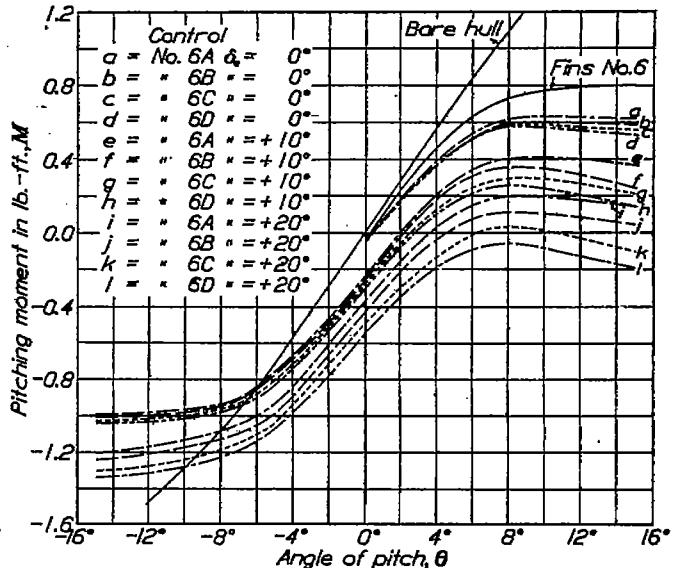


FIG. 20.—Pitching moment for long model about C. B. Bare hull and hull with controls, No. 6. Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

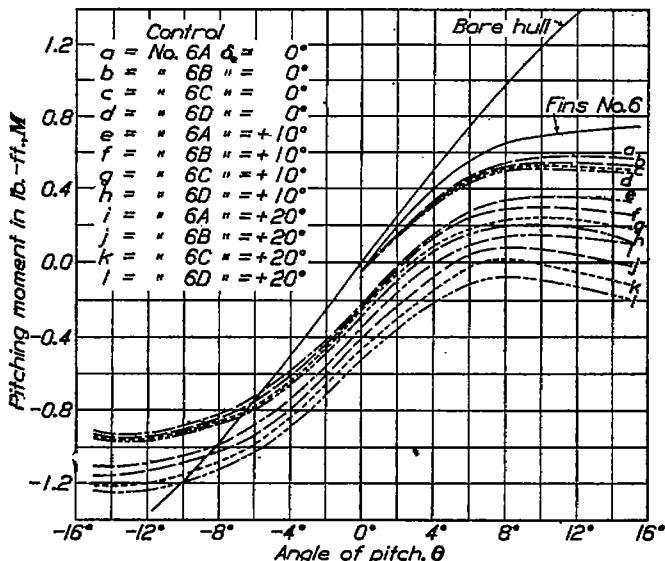


FIG. 21.—Pitching moment for short model about C. B. Bare hull and hull with controls No. 6. Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

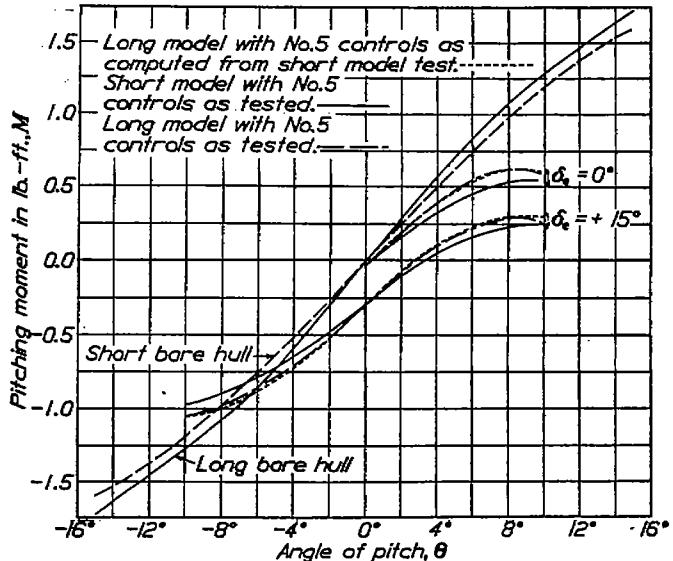


FIG. 22.—Comparison of tested and computed pitching moments. Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Airspeed 40 M. P. H. Moment axis at C. B.

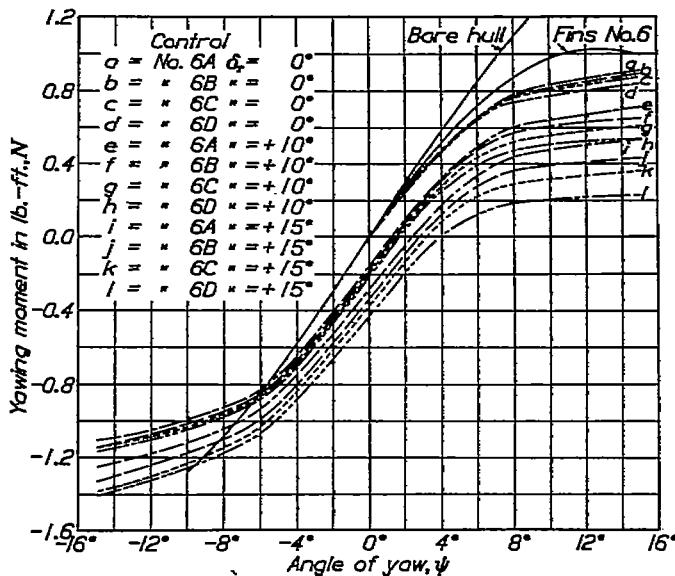
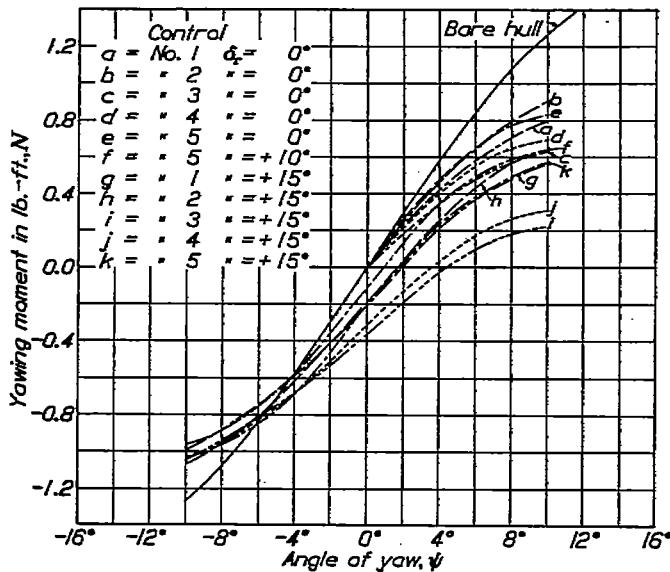


FIG. 23.—Yawing moment for long model about C. B. Bare hull and hull with controls, Nos. 1 to 6. Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

FIG. 24.—Yawing moment for long model about C. B. Bare hull and hull with controls No. 6. Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

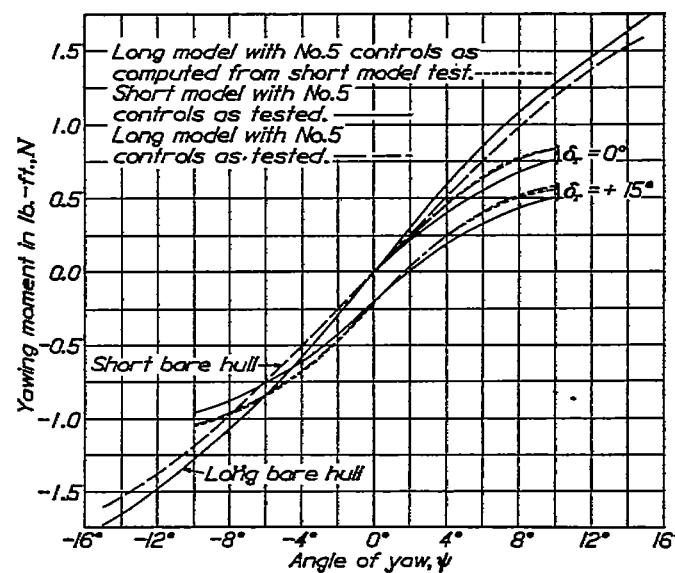
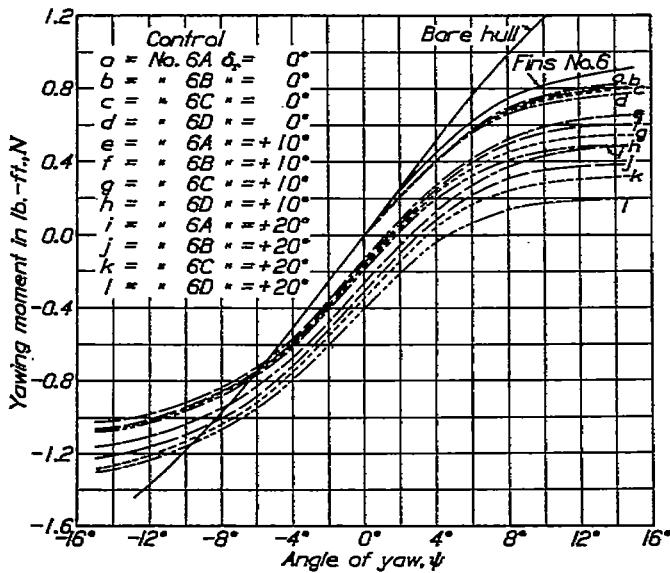


FIG. 25.—Yawing moment for short model about C. B. Bare hull and hull with controls No. 6. Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H.

FIG. 26.—Comparison of tested and computed moments. Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H. Moment axis at C. B.

#### FORCES AND MOMENTS AT LARGE ANGLES

Table XXXI gives, for the long hull with No. 5 controls all neutral, the drag, cross-wind force, and yawing moment in a 30-mile wind, on the model set at 0° pitch, and at yaw angles of 0° to 90°. The values of  $X$ ,  $Y$ ,  $N$ , derived from these data, are plotted against  $\psi$  in Figure 27. The vector diagram for this test is given in Figure 28. It shows that when the model is pivoted about the  $Z$  axis, as a weather vane, it is unstable in yaw at all angles below 70°. It is noteworthy that  $X$  becomes a propulsive force at large angles of attack, as has been observed in similar tests.

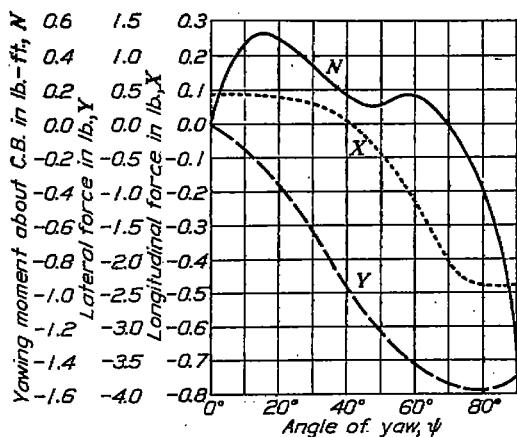


FIG. 27.— $X$  and  $Y$  forces and yawing moments  $N$  for long model with No. 5 control surfaces. Model at  $0^\circ$  pitch. Elevators and rudders neutral. Air speed 30 M. P. H.

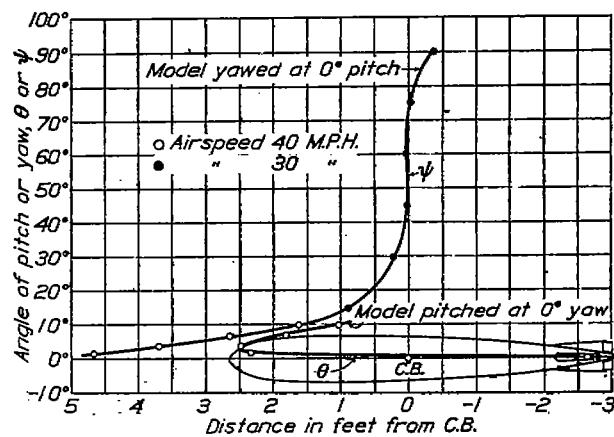


FIG. 29.—Center of pressure travel of long hull with No. 5 control surfaces. Elevators and rudders neutral. Air speed 30 and 40 M. P. H.

#### CENTER OF PRESSURE

Figure 29 delineates the center of pressure in yaw for the data in Tables XXXI, XX, XXIX, also the center of pressure in pitch for the data in Tables XXII, XXV. As the yaw angle falls below  $10^\circ$ , the center of pressure runs rapidly forward, and travels even beyond the nose of the hull. The same effect is not observed in pitch because the fins are adjusted to give a negative pitching moment at zero pitch.

The forward travel of the center of pressure at small angles of yaw is further illustrated by Figure 30, giving the line of resultant air force on the long hull with Nos. 3 and 4 controls.

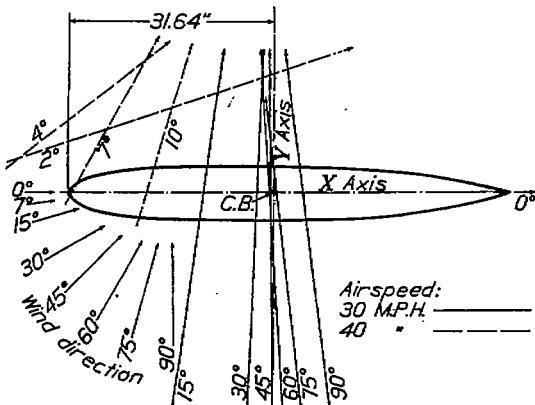


FIG. 28.—Line of resultant air force on long hull with No. 5 controls. Model at  $0^\circ$  pitch. Elevators and rudders neutral. Scale of model 1/120 full size.

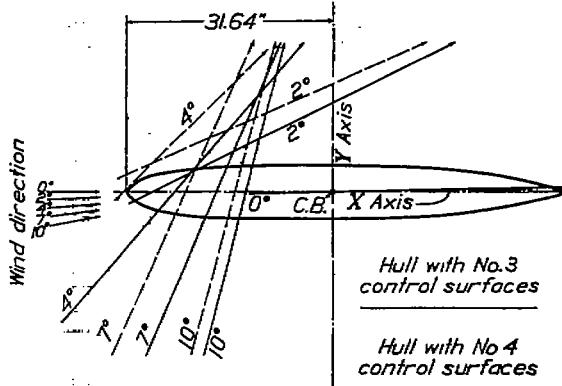


FIG. 30.—Line of resultant air force on long hull with Nos. 3 and 4 controls. Model at  $0^\circ$  pitch. Elevators and rudders neutral. Air speed 40 M. P. H. Scale of model 1/120 full size.

#### COEFFICIENTS OF DAMPING MOMENT

Tables XXXII to XXXIV give the data and derived values for finding the damping coefficient, and Table XXXV the net damping coefficient itself, for the long hull, first bare then with controls 1, 2, 3, 4, 6A, 6D. In Figure 32 these net values are plotted against speed, giving straight-line diagrams, as usual.

The logarithmic decrement,  $\lambda$ , used in computing the damping coefficients, was computed from faired plots of the oscillation data, made in pencil, for all the tests, during the individual runs. Some typical plots on semilog paper are shown in Figure 31.

The structure and theory of the aerodynamic oscillator used in these tests are well known, hence the method of finding the coefficient,  $\mu$ , of damping moment in the present work is omitted.

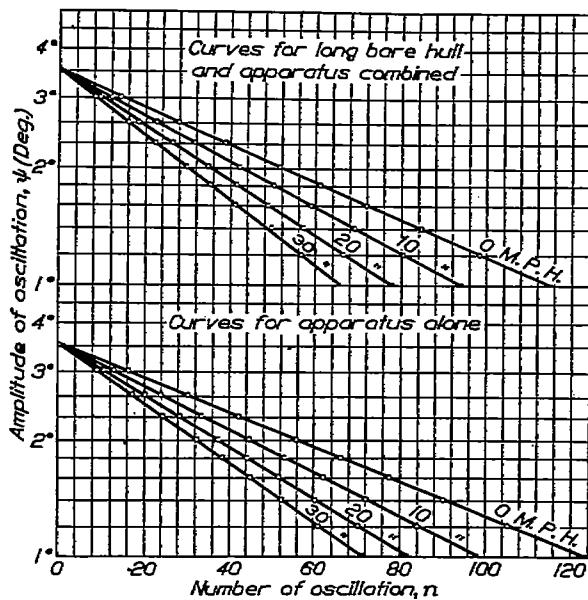


FIG. 31.—Oscillations at various airspeeds. Model at 0° pitch. Bare hull and apparatus combined.

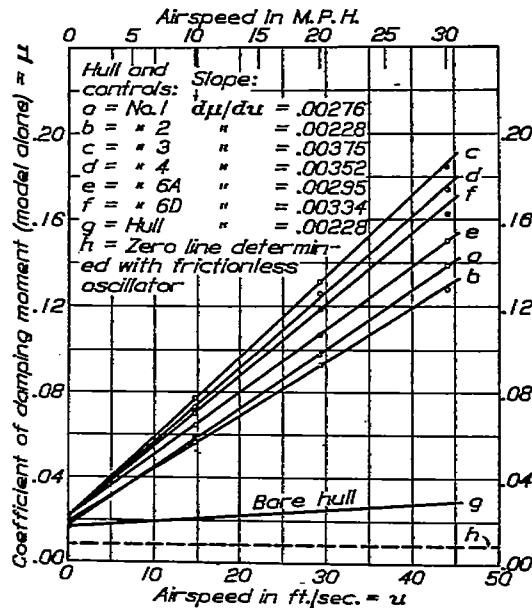


FIG. 32.—Coefficient of damping moment in yaw vs. various air speeds. Model at 0° pitch. Elevators and rudders neutral.

## STABILITY CRITERIA

By (13), Report No. 212 of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, an airship is stable in yaw if

$$a \frac{\mu}{u} \frac{Y_\psi}{N_\psi} > 1 \quad (1)$$

where all the symbols but  $a$  refer to the model conventionally. Following the earlier usage in aerodynamics, one may write  $a = s^3/m$ , where  $s$  is the scale ratio of airship to model, and  $m$  is the natural mass of the ship.

In the present case  $a = 120^3/5427 = 318.4$ , the denominator being slugs. The working yaw criterion then is

$$318.4 \frac{\mu}{u} \frac{Y_\psi}{N_\psi} \quad (2)$$

and gives for the full-scale hull the values listed in Table XXXVI.

The last column indicates that the airship is sufficiently stable with some of the types of controls, notably 3, 4. For experience with this kind of craft teaches that satisfactory stability may be expected when the yaw criterion here used somewhat exceeds  $1/3$ .<sup>2</sup>

Report No. 212, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, derives  $a$  in the form  $a = s^3/mn$ , where  $n$  is a constant peculiar to the model. For motion at small angles in yaw it appears that for this model  $n$  is less than  $\frac{1}{2}$ , and hence that the values of the criterion in the last column of Table XXXVI should be at least doubled. The value  $n=1$  was used in computing this table merely to make the values of the criterion directly comparable to those given in other publications, such as the one here cited. On the other hand, if one takes  $m = 1.5 \times$  natural mass of the airship, and  $n = \frac{1}{2}$ , the value of  $a$  becomes  $\frac{1}{3}$  greater; and the given criteria must be increased by that amount.

<sup>2</sup> British R. & M. (new series) No. 361, p. 61.

## CONCLUSION

It is believed the designing staff, which initiated the program for the present measurements, will not require a detailed discussion of the data and diagrams, since these are of familiar form and very numerous. The stability criterion, presented in somewhat novel form in Table XXXVI, is derived and discussed in Report No. 212, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics. If the numerical equations of motion for one or more of the present airship types be required, they can be developed subsequently in such fullness as may seem necessary.

TABLE I  
AREA OF MODEL CONTROL SURFACES  
[In square inches]

Control member	Number of control surface						
	1 or 2	3 or 4	5	6A	6B	6C	6D
Horizontal fin.....	9.59	10.89	11.44	12.15	12.15	12.15	12.15
Elevator for horizontal fins.....	2.86	3.34	2.72	2.18	2.61	3.01	3.01
Top vertical fin.....	9.59	10.89	11.80	12.40	12.40	12.40	12.40
Rudder for top vertical fin.....	2.86	3.34	2.72	1.83	2.18	2.61	3.01
Bottom vertical fin.....	4.80	7.20	6.43	6.85	6.85	6.85	6.85
Rudder for bottom vertical fin.....	1.78	1.93	1.87	1.28	1.55	1.84	2.12

NOTE: Ratio model to full size = 1:120.  
1 sq. in. on model = 100 sq. ft. on full size.  
= 9.29 sq. meters on full size.

TABLE II  
RESISTANCE OF BARE HULL AND HULL WITH CONTROLS NOS. 1 TO 5

Air speed	Displacement due to model and four wires	Corresponding resistance	Displacement due to model and two wires	Corresponding resistance	Resistance of model without wires	Resistance due to frame	Resistance due to pressure drop	Net total resistance
Bare hull, long model								
M. P. H.	Inches	Pounds	Inches	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds
20	0.310	0.054	0.290	0.051	0.048	0	0.006	0.042
30	.656	.115	.615	.108	.101	0	.013	.088
40	1.115	.196	1.040	.184	.172	0	.029	.160
50	1.685	.297	1.580	.278	.250	-.001	.082	.228
60	2.353	.414	2.215	.388	.362	-.002	.044	.320
Bare hull, short model								
20	0.298	0.051	0.278	0.048	0.045	0	0.006	0.039
30	.635	.110	.594	.103	.096	0	.012	.084
40	1.090	.189	1.017	.177	.165	0	.030	.145
50	1.685	.287	1.585	.269	.251	-.001	.080	.222
60	2.325	.403	2.178	.378	.353	-.002	.041	.314
Long model hull with control surface at 40 M. P. H.								
1	1.143	0.206	1.074	0.194	0.182	0	0.022	0.160
2	1.139	.206	1.070	.194	.182	0	.022	.160
3	1.155	.209	1.086	.197	.185	0	.022	.163
4	1.180	.209	1.086	.197	.185	0	.022	.163
5	1.120	.209	1.057	.197	.185	0	.022	.163
Short model hull with control surface at 40 M. P. H.								
1	1.182	0.201	1.064	0.189	0.177	0	0.020	0.157
2	1.110	.200	1.052	.188	.176	0	.020	.156
3	1.140	.204	1.078	.192	.180	0	.020	.160
4	1.135	.204	1.069	.192	.180	0	.020	.160
5	1.110	.205	1.045	.198	.181	0	.020	.161

R = Resistance of model in pounds.

L = Length of model in feet.

Vol. = Volume of model in cubic feet.

V<sub>1</sub> = Air speed in feet per second.

V = Air speed in miles per hour.

$\rho$  = Air density = .00237 slugs per cubic foot.

TABLE III  
SHAPE COEFFICIENT AND CORRESPONDING VALUES OF VL  
[Symbols defined below]

Air speed	Shape coefficient $C_2 R / \rho (Vol.)^{1/3} V_1^2$	$V_1 L$ (ft. ft./sec.)	$VL$ (ft. mi./hr.)
Bare hull, long model			
M. P. H.			
20	0.03442	165.0	112.6
30	.03205	247.7	169.0
40	.03077	330.0	225.1
50	.02994	412.8	291.6
60	.02917	495.4	337.9
Bare hull, short model			
20	0.03855	157.1	107.1
30	.03216	235.7	160.7
40	.03122	314.2	214.3
50	.03062	392.9	267.8
60	.03004	471.5	321.4
Control surface No. Long model hull with control surface at 40 M. P. H.			
1	0.03260	330.0	225.1
2	.03260	330.0	225.1
3	.03321	330.0	225.1
4	.03321	330.0	225.1
5	.03321	330.0	225.1
Short model hull with control surface at 40 M. P. H.			
1	0.03361	314.2	214.3
2	.03340	314.2	214.3
3	.03426	314.2	214.3
4	.03425	314.2	214.3
5	.03445	314.2	214.3

TABLE IV

NET MEASURED LIFT IN POUNDS FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5

[Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Elevator setting $\delta_e$	Angle of pitch $\theta$	Long bare hull	Short bare hull	Long hull with control No.—				Short hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5, computed from short
				1	2	3	4			
Degrees	0	-0.001	-0.001	+0.014	+0.012	+0.027	+0.026	+0.015	+0.017	+0.015
	+2	+.029	+.031	+.068	+.057	+.109	+.106	+.075	+.074	+.075
	+4	+.073	+.072	+.182	+.153	+.214	+.194	+.146	+.146	+.147
	+7	+.173	+.163	+.351	+.301	+.413	+.360	+.205	+.224	+.315
	+10	+.294	+.276	+.590	+.516	+.648	+.615	+.532	+.552	+.543
	-10								.398	
	-7								.190	
	-4								.062	
	-2								.018	
	0								.070	
+10	+2								.180	
	+4								.212	
	+7								.381	
	+10								.627	
	-10			-.360	-.356	-.365	-.316	-.370	-.365	-.386
	-7			-.178	-.163	-.170	-.110	-.172	-.160	-.183
	-4			-.022	-.015	-.021	-.061	-.012	-.011	-.015
	-2			+.089	+.045	+.116	+.143	+.057	+.058	+.056
	0			+.110	+.067	+.102	+.216	+.115	+.116	+.115
	+2			+.178	+.159	+.250	+.299	+.180	+.183	+.181
+15	+4			+.272	+.242	+.339	+.394	+.262	+.278	+.266
	+7			+.457	+.400	+.598	+.585	+.439	+.455	+.450
	+10			+.764	+.613	+.812	+.796	+.672	+.655	+.688

TABLE V

NET MEASURED LIFT FOR SHORT MODEL AND COMPUTED LIFT IN POUNDS FOR LONG MODEL HULL WITH NO. 6 CONTROL SURFACES

[Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Airspeed, 40 miles per hour]

Elevator setting $\delta_e$	Angle of pitch $\theta$	Fins No. 6 (without elevators or rudders) on—		Control No. 6A on—		Control No. 6B on—		Control No. 6C on—		Control No. 6D on—	
		Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull
Degrees	0	+0.017	+0.017	+0.018	+0.018	+0.017	+0.019	+0.019	+0.018	+0.018	+0.018
	+2	+.073	+.074	+.078	+.079	+.060	+.081	+.082	+.078	+.079	+.079
	+4	+.136	+.139	+.153	+.155	+.153	+.155	+.154	+.157	+.160	+.160
	+7	+.268	+.279	+.315	+.327	+.320	+.381	+.325	+.330	+.341	+.350
	+10	+.452	+.458	+.538	+.554	+.543	+.664	+.557	+.564	+.580	+.587
	+15	+.877	+.915	+.940	+.980	+.1001	+.1039	+.1006	+.1043	+.1019	+.1057
	-16			-.840	-.878	-.802	-.840	-.783	-.821	-.768	-.806
	-10			-.416	-.432	-.405	-.421	-.393	-.409	-.382	-.398
	-7			-.213	-.234	-.203	-.214	-.197	-.206	-.187	-.198
	-4			-.059	-.062	-.048	-.051	-.018	-.021	-.020	-.032
+10	0	+.020	+.019	+.075	+.085	+.085	+.095	+.036	+.035	+.048	+.047
	+2	+.073	+.075	+.075	+.085	+.065	+.065	+.092	+.092	+.105	+.105
	+4	+.143	+.144	+.144	+.152	+.163	+.164	+.165	+.173	+.173	+.174
	+7	+.218	+.221	+.221	+.233	+.236	+.242	+.245	+.245	+.265	+.268
	+10	+.387	+.398	+.398	+.403	+.414	+.415	+.426	+.432	+.443	+.443
	+15	+.607	+.623	+.627	+.643	+.644	+.660	+.662	+.678	+.682	+.682
	-16			+.1032	+.1100	+.1080	+.1118	+.1092	+.1130	+.114	+.1152
	-10			-.723	-.781	-.608	-.646	-.690	-.723	-.664	-.702
	-7			-.368	-.369	-.339	-.365	-.320	-.336	-.291	-.307
	-4			-.187	-.188	-.187	-.148	-.127	-.138	-.108	-.119
+20	0	+.005	+.002	+.019	+.016	+.016	+.031	+.028	+.028	+.036	+.033
	+2	+.050	+.079	+.104	+.103	+.111	+.110	+.121	+.121	+.131	+.130
	+4	+.133	+.133	+.154	+.154	+.172	+.172	+.195	+.195	+.196	+.196
	+7	+.198	+.199	+.215	+.216	+.239	+.240	+.247	+.247	+.249	+.249
	+10	+.280	+.283	+.302	+.305	+.327	+.330	+.354	+.354	+.357	+.357
	+15	+.681	+.697	+.730	+.746	+.747	+.763	+.779	+.779	+.795	+.795
	-16			+.137	+.175	+.169	+.207	+.228	+.268	+.244	+.282

TABLE VI

NET MEASURED LIFT IN POUNDS FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5  
 [Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Rudder setting $\delta_r$	Angle of yaw $\psi$	Long bare hull	Short bare hull	Long hull with control No. —				Short hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5, computed from short
				1	2	3	4			
0	0	+0.001	+0.013	+0.013	+0.019	+0.017	+0.020	+0.019	+0.020	+0.020
	+2	+0.001	+0.013	+0.013	+0.019	+0.018	+0.021	+0.019	+0.021	+0.021
	+4	+0.001	+0.014	+0.011	+0.020	+0.018	+0.020	+0.021	+0.020	+0.020
	+7	+0.001	0	+0.012	+0.010	+0.020	+0.019	+0.021	+0.020	+0.021
	+10	+0.001	0	+0.013	+0.010	+0.021	+0.017	+0.019	+0.020	+0.019
	+15	0	0							
	-10									
	-7									
	-4									
	-2									
+10	0									
	+2									
	+4									
	+7									
	+10									
	-10									
	-7									
	-4									
	-2									
	0									
+15	+2									
	+4									
	+7									
	+10									
	-10									
	-7									
	-4									
	-2									
	0									
	+2									

TABLE VII

NET MEASURED LIFT FOR SHORT MODEL AND COMPUTED LIFT IN POUNDS FOR LONG MODEL WITH NO. 6 CONTROL SURFACES

[Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Rudder setting $\delta_r$	Angle of yaw $\psi$	Short or long hull and fins No. 6, without elevators or rudders	Short or long hull with control No. —			
			6A	6B	6C	6D
0	0	+0.020	+0.021	+0.020	+0.017	+0.022
	+2	+0.018	+0.019			
	+4	+0.023	+0.019			
	+7	+0.020	+0.018			
	+10	+0.019	+0.018			
	+15	+0.018	+0.019	+0.018	+0.017	+0.017
	-15	+0.018	+0.016	+0.021	+0.017	+0.017
	-10		+0.018			
	-7		+0.019			
	-4		+0.020			
+10	-2		+0.017	+0.018	+0.019	+0.021
	0		+0.017	+0.017	+0.019	+0.021
	+2		+0.019			
	+4		+0.020			
	+7		+0.019			
	+10		+0.019			
	-15		+0.018	+0.021	+0.021	+0.023
	-10		+0.018	+0.021	+0.020	+0.023
	-7		+0.019			
	-4		+0.018			
+20	-2		+0.019	+0.019	+0.019	+0.021
	0		+0.019	+0.019	+0.019	+0.021
	+2		+0.018			
	+4		+0.020			
	+7		+0.015			
	+10		+0.018			
	-15		+0.018	+0.019	+0.018	+0.020
	-10		+0.018	+0.019	+0.018	+0.020
	-7		+0.019			
	-4		+0.018			

TABLE VIII

NET MEASURED DRAG IN POUNDS FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5  
[Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

TABLE IX

NET MEASURED DRAG FOR SHORT MODEL AND COMPUTED DRAG IN POUNDS FOR LONG MODEL WITH NO. 6  
CONTROL SURFACES

[Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Airspeed, 40 miles per hour]

Elevator setting $\delta_e$	Angle of pitch $\theta$	Fins No. 6 (without elevators or rudders) on—		Control No. 6A on—		Control No. 6B on—		Control No. 6C on—		Control No. 6D on—	
		Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull
<i>Degrees</i>	<i>Degrees</i>	0	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155
		+2	.156	.157	.156	.157	.158	.157	.158	.157	.158
		+4	.159	.161	.165	.167	.168	.170	.169	.171	.175
		+7	.181	.184	.198	.201	.205	.208	.210	.213	.216
		+10	.233	.237	.260	.264	.270	.274	.274	.278	.282
		+15	.383	.388	.430	.436	.439	.445	.444	.450	.464
		-15			.376	.382	.372	.378	.369	.376	.372
		-10			.220	.224	.218	.222	.220	.224	.218
		-7			.174	.177	.177	.180	.178	.181	.181
		-4			.160	.162	.158	.160	.159	.161	.162
		-2			.158	.159	.158	.159	.159	.160	.161
		0			.158	.158	.158	.158	.159	.161	.161
		+2			.162	.163	.164	.165	.164	.165	.169
		+4			.175	.177	.176	.177	.176	.178	.181
		+7			.207	.210	.215	.218	.218	.221	.223
<i>+10</i>		+10			.274	.278	.281	.285	.292	.296	.300
		+15			.450	.456	.456	.452	.478	.484	.499
		-15			.350	.356	.324	.330	.346	.352	.338
		-10			.216	.220	.219	.223	.215	.219	.220
		-7			.173	.178	.176	.178	.178	.181	.183
		-4			.163	.165	.158	.160	.164	.166	.167
		-2			.162	.163	.158	.159	.164	.165	.165
		0			.164	.164	.163	.163	.166	.164	.165
		+2			.167	.168	.170	.171	.173	.174	.173
		+4			.178	.180	.184	.186	.192	.194	.200
		+7			.219	.222	.231	.234	.241	.244	.254
		+10			.295	.299	.309	.318	.324	.328	.349
		+15			.477	.483	.500	.506	.520	.535	.554

TABLE X

NET MEASURED DRAG IN POUNDS FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5  
 [Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Rudder setting $\delta_r$	Angle of yaw $\psi$	Long bare hull	Short bare hull	Long hull with control No.—				Short hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5 computed from short
				1	2	3	4			
Degrees	0	0.146	0.144	0.158	0.157	0.160	0.160	0.155	0.160	0.155
	+2	.146	.145	.158	.158	.161	.160	.157	.161	.158
	+4	.147	.147	.160	.162	.164	.163	.161	.165	.163
	+7	.156	.158	.183	.183	.193	.185	.182	.188	.185
	+10	.188	.184	.236	.234	.250	.244	.231	.240	.235
	+15	.271	.261							
	-10								.234	
	-7								.178	
	-4								.163	
	-2								.161	
+10	0								.162	
	+2								.164	
	+4								.169	
	+7								.199	
	+10								.250	
	-10			.217	.209	.221	.218	.233	.222	
	-7			.171	.172	.186	.178	.177	.178	.180
	-4			.168	.161	.170	.170	.163	.166	.166
	-2			.162	.161	.169	.170	.160	.165	.161
	+15			.164	.162	.171	.172	.159	.164	.169
+15	0			.174	.168	.176	.177	.161	.166	.162
	+2			.180	.178	.191	.192	.170	.173	.173
	+4			.213	.208	.231	.227	.199	.206	.202
	+7			.269	.260	.304	.298	.238	.264	.262
	+10									

TABLE XI

NET MEASURED DRAG FOR SHORT MODEL AND COMPUTED DRAG IN POUNDS FOR LONG MODEL WITH NO. 6 CONTROL SURFACES

[Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Rudder setting $\delta_r$	Angle of yaw $\psi$	Fins No. 6 (without elevators or rudders) on—		Control No. 6A on—		Control No. 6B on—		Control No. 6C on—		Control No. 6D on—	
		Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull
Degrees	0	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.156	0.156	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155
	+2	.155	.156	.156	.157	.157	.158	.159	.160	.159	.160
	+4	.158	.160	.159	.161	.162	.164	.165	.167	.167	.169
	+7	.176	.178	.182	.185	.186	.189	.191	.194	.195	.198
	+10	.221	.225	.281	.235	.239	.241	.240	.244	.248	.262
	+15	.385	.371	.884	.390	.389	.395	.404	.410	.410	.416
	-15			.362	.368	.360	.366	.364	.370	.367	.373
	-10			.216	.220	.214	.218	.214	.218	.212	.216
	-7			.179	.182	.178	.181	.178	.181	.179	.182
	-4			.162	.164	.162	.164	.161	.163	.163	.165
+10	-2			.160	.161	.158	.159	.158	.169	.159	.160
	0			.160	.160	.159	.159	.169	.169	.160	.160
	+2			.161	.162	.163	.164	.163	.164	.163	.164
	+4			.170	.172	.170	.172	.175	.177	.177	.179
	+7			.195	.198	.203	.206	.214	.217	.219	.222
	+10			.251	.253	.260	.264	.269	.273	.281	.285
	+15			.409	.415	.425	.431	.435	.442	.442	.448
	-15			.363	.369	.351	.357	.342	.348	.332	.338
	-10			.229	.226	.214	.218	.214	.218	.210	.220
	-7			.177	.180	.177	.180	.178	.181	.179	.182
+20	-4			.162	.164	.160	.162	.163	.165	.163	.165
	-2			.160	.161	.159	.160	.162	.163	.163	.164
	0			.160	.160	.161	.161	.163	.163	.164	.164
	+2			.162	.163	.160	.170	.174	.175	.177	.178
	+4			.172	.174	.182	.184	.191	.193	.196	.201
	+7			.205	.208	.223	.226	.237	.240	.251	.254
	+10			.268	.272	.280	.294	.310	.314	.328	.332
	+15			.481	.437	.461	.467	.478	.494	.500	

TABLE XII

NET MEASURED CROSS-WIND FORCE IN POUNDS FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5  
 [Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Elevator setting $\delta_e$	Angle of pitch $\theta$	Long bare hull	Short bare hull	Long hull with control No.—				Short hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5, computed from short
				1	2	3	4			
Degrees	0	0	-0.001	0	-0.001	0	0	-0.001	+0.002	-0.001
		+2	-0.001	-0.002	-0.001	0	-0.001	-0.001	+0.004	-0.001
		+4	-0.001	-0.001	-0.001	-0.001	-0.002	0	+0.002	0
		+7	-0.001	0	0	-0.002	-0.003	-0.003	+0.001	-0.001
		+10	-0.001	0	-0.001	-0.001	0	-0.002	+0.001	-0.002
		+15	0	0						
		-10								
		-7								
		-4								
		+2								
+10	+10	0								
		+2								
		+4								
		+7								
		+10								
		-10								
		-7								
		-4								
		+2								
		+7								
+15	+15	0								
		+2								
		+4								
		+7								
		+10								
		-10								
		-7								
		-4								
		+2								
		+7								

TABLE XIII

NET MEASURED CROSS-WIND FORCE FOR SHORT MODEL AND COMPUTED CROSS-WIND FORCE IN POUNDS FOR LONG MODEL WITH NO. 6 CONTROL SURFACES  
 [Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Airspeed, 40 miles per hour]

Elevator setting $\delta_e$	Angle of pitch $\theta$	Short or long hull and fins No. 6, without elevators or rudders	Short or long hull with control No.—			
			6A	6B	6C	6D
Degrees	0	0	-0.002	0	-0.001	-0.002
		+2	-0.002	0	-0.002	+0.001
		+4	-0.003	-0.002	-0.001	
		+7	0	-0.004	-0.001	
		+10	-0.001	-0.001	-0.002	
		+15	-0.002	-0.002	-0.003	-0.003
		-10			-0.002	+0.002
		-7				
		-4				
		+2				
+10	+10	0	-0.002	-0.001	-0.004	+0.002
		+2	-0.002	-0.001	-0.004	+0.002
		+4	-0.003	-0.002	-0.005	
		+7	-0.002	-0.002	-0.005	
		+10	-0.003	-0.003	-0.006	
		+15	-0.002	-0.002	-0.005	+0.001
		-10				
		-7				
		-4				
		+2				
+20	+20	0	-0.002	-0.001	-0.002	+0.002
		+2	-0.002	-0.001	-0.002	+0.002
		+4	-0.003	-0.002	-0.004	
		+7	-0.002	-0.002	-0.004	
		+10	-0.003	-0.003	-0.005	
		+15	-0.002	-0.001	-0.003	+0.003
		-10				
		-7				
		-4				
		+2				

TABLE XIV

NET MEASURED CROSS-WIND FORCE IN POUNDS FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5

[Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Rudder setting $\delta_r$	Angle of yaw $\psi$	Long bare hull	Short bare hull	Long hull with control No. —				Short hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5, computed from short	
				1	2	3	4				
Degrees	Degrees	0	+0.001	+0.001	+0.002	-0.002	-0.003	+0.003	-0.002	+0.005	-0.002
		+2	-0.029	-0.081	-0.059	-0.052	-0.073	-0.066	-0.047	-0.047	-0.048
		+4	-0.073	-0.072	-0.135	-0.112	-0.165	-0.140	-0.116	-0.111	-0.119
		+7	-0.173	-0.163	-0.275	-0.244	-0.342	-0.308	-0.244	-0.259	-0.255
		+10	-0.204	-0.276	-0.439	-0.434	-0.548	-0.522	-0.452	-0.476	-0.468
		+15	-0.569	-0.526							
		-10								+.362	
		-7								+.180	
		-4								.056	
		-2								.004	
+10	Degrees	0								.046	
		+2								.095	
		+4								.166	
		+7								.329	
		+10								.531	
		-10								+.373	
		-7								+.388	
		-4								+.166	
		-2								+.178	
		0								+.035	
+15	Degrees	+2								+.047	
		+4								.019	
		+7								.016	
		+10								.067	
		-10								.200	
		-7								.204	
		-4								.359	
		-2								.576	
		0									
		+2									

TABLE XV

NET MEASURED CROSS-WIND FORCE FOR SHORT MODEL AND COMPUTED CROSS-WIND FORCE IN POUNDS FOR LONG MODEL WITH NO. 6 CONTROL SURFACES

[Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Rudder setting $\delta_r$	Angle of yaw $\psi$	Fins No. 6 (without elevators or rudders) on—	Control No. 6A on—		Control No. 6B on—		Control No. 6C on—		Control No. 6D on—		
			Short hull	Long hull							
Degrees	Degrees	0	+0.003	+0.003	+0.002	+0.001	+0.001	+0.008	+0.008	+0.001	+0.001
		+2	-0.039	-0.040	-0.048	-0.047	-0.048	-0.050	-0.051	-0.049	-0.050
		+4	-0.104	-0.107	-0.114	-0.117	-0.120	-0.115	-0.118	-0.117	-0.120
		+7	-0.227	-0.238	-0.241	-0.262	-0.267	-0.261	-0.262	-0.255	-0.266
		+10	-0.419	-0.435	-0.446	-0.462	-0.454	-0.470	-0.459	-0.456	-0.482
		+15	-0.805	-0.842	-0.831	-0.869	-0.847	-0.885	-0.862	-0.900	-0.915
		-15	+0.808	+0.846	+0.788	+0.826	+0.768	+0.806	+0.748	+0.786	
		-10	+0.408	+0.419	+0.380	+0.396	+0.360	+0.376	+0.344	+0.360	
		-7	+0.205	+0.206	+0.187	+0.198	+0.177	+0.188	+0.168	+0.179	
		-4	+0.070	+0.073	+0.059	+0.062	+0.045	+0.048	+0.057	+0.060	
+10	Degrees	0	+0.001	+0.002	-0.011	-0.010	-0.016	-0.015	-0.024	-0.023	
		+2	-0.050	-0.050	-0.068	-0.068	-0.067	-0.067	-0.072	-0.072	
		+4	-0.095	-0.096	-0.108	-0.108	-0.118	-0.119	-0.119	-0.120	
		+7	-0.166	-0.169	-0.180	-0.183	-0.191	-0.194	-0.202	-0.205	
		+10	-0.315	-0.326	-0.336	-0.347	-0.351	-0.362	-0.365	-0.376	
		+15	-0.527	-0.543	-0.553	-0.569	-0.564	-0.580	-0.577	-0.593	
		-15	-0.926	-0.964	-0.949	-0.987	-0.962	-1.000	-0.983	-1.021	
		-10	+0.783	+0.791	+0.708	+0.746	+0.672	+0.710	+0.636	+0.674	
		-7	+0.352	+0.368	+0.320	+0.336	+0.293	+0.309	+0.271	+0.287	
		-4	+0.151	+0.162	+0.132	+0.143	+0.112	+0.123	+0.095	+0.106	
+20	Degrees	0	+0.022	+0.026	-0.001	+0.002	-0.013	-0.010	-0.029	-0.026	
		+2	-0.041	-0.040	-0.061	-0.060	-0.078	-0.077	-0.092	-0.091	
		+4	-0.097	-0.097	-0.112	-0.112	-0.126	-0.126	-0.144	-0.144	
		+7	-0.180	-0.151	-0.163	-0.164	-0.183	-0.184	-0.197	-0.198	
		+10	-0.323	-0.228	-0.232	-0.235	-0.258	-0.261	-0.276	-0.279	
		+15	-0.599	-0.616	-0.621	-0.637	-0.645	-0.661	-0.662	-0.678	
		-15	-1.007	-1.045	-1.022	-1.060	-1.049	-1.087	-1.067	-1.105	

TABLE XVI

## X FORCE IN POUNDS FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5

[Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Elevator setting $\delta_e$	Angle of pitch $\theta$	Long bare hull	Short bare hull	Long hull with control No. —				Short hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5, computed from short
				1	2	3	4			
Degrees	0	0.146	0.144	0.158	0.157	0.160	0.159	0.155	0.160	0.155
	+2	.144	.143	.156	.156	.158	.155	.154	.157	.154
	+4	.141	.142	.152	.154	.154	.151	.151	.154	.152
	+7	.134	.132	.152	.156	.153	.149	.154	.149	.156
	+10	.134	.133	.147	.156	.155	.148	.159	.154	.161
	+15	.116	.117							
	-10								.148	
	-7								.149	
	-4								.157	
	-2								.161	
+10	0								.162	
	+2								.161	
	+4								.161	
	+7								.162	
	+10								.166	
	-10								.147	
	-7								.154	
	-4								.145	
	-2								.163	
	0								.161	
+15	+2								.162	
	+4								.161	
	+7								.162	
	+10								.166	
	-10								.147	
	-7								.154	
	-4								.145	
	-2								.163	
	0								.161	
	+2								.163	

TABLE XVII

## X FORCE IN POUNDS FOR HULLS WITH NO. 6 CONTROL SURFACES

[Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Elevator setting $\delta_e$	Angle of pitch $\theta$	Fins No. 6 (without elevator or rudders) on—	Control No. 6A on—		Control No. 6B on—		Control No. 6C on—		Control No. 6D on—	
			Short hull	Long hull						
Degrees	0	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155
	+2	.153	.153	.153	.154	.154	.154	.154	.158	.158
	+4	.156	.151	.154	.155	.157	.158	.159	.163	.164
	+7	.147	.149	.157	.159	.162	.164	.168	.173	.176
	+10	.146	.148	.152	.154	.170	.172	.173	.176	.181
	+15	.143	.145	.158	.161	.165	.168	.169	.172	.177
	-10								.145	.164
	-7								.147	.151
	-4								.149	.159
	-2								.157	.169
+10	0								.157	.168
	+2								.157	.162
	+4								.157	.162
	+7								.158	.163
	+10								.160	.163
	-10								.158	.163
	-7								.159	.163
	-4								.160	.163
	-2								.162	.163
	0								.163	.163
+20	+2								.163	.170
	+4								.165	.181
	+7								.167	.187
	+10								.169	.187
	-10								.155	.187
	-7								.155	.187
	-4								.158	.189
	-2								.160	.192
	0								.161	.192
	+2								.164	.194

TABLE XVIII

**X FORCE IN POUNDS FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5**  
 [Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

TABLE XIX

X FORCE IN POUNDS FOR HULLS WITH NO. 6 CONTROL SURFACES

[Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Rudder setting & Angle of yaw ↓	Fins No. 6 (without elevators or rudders) on—		Control No. 6A on—		Control No. 6B on—		Control No. 6C on—		Control No. 6D on—	
	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull
Degrees	Degrees	0	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155
	+2	.154	.154	.154	.154	.155	.155	.157	.157	.157
	+4	.150	.151	.151	.152	.154	.155	.156	.158	.159
	+7	.146	.148	.152	.154	.155	.157	.160	.162	.164
	+10	.145	.147	.150	.152	.155	.157	.157	.159	.163
	+15	.145	.148	.156	.159	.155	.158	.167	.170	.171
	-15			.141	.144	.144	.147	.153	.156	.160
	-10			.143	.145	.145	.147	.149	.151	.151
	-7			.155	.157	.154	.156	.154	.156	.158
	-4			.156	.157	.157	.158	.158	.159	.160
	-2			.160	.160	.158	.158	.159	.160	.160
	0			.167	.167	.159	.159	.159	.160	.160
	+2			.158	.158	.159	.159	.159	.160	.160
	+4			.158	.159	.157	.158	.161	.162	.163
	+7			.156	.158	.160	.162	.169	.171	.173
	+10			.155	.157	.159	.161	.166	.168	.177
	+15			.156	.159	.160	.163	.171	.174	.177
0	-15			.156	.159	.155	.158	.156	.159	.157
	-10			.157	.159	.155	.157	.159	.161	.166
	-7			.158	.160	.160	.162	.163	.165	.168
	-4			.159	.160	.160	.161	.164	.165	.165
	-2			.161	.161	.161	.161	.165	.166	.166
	0			.160	.160	.161	.161	.163	.164	.164
	+2			.156	.156	.163	.163	.177	.177	.170
	+4			.157	.158	.163	.167	.172	.173	.179
	+7			.156	.158	.153	.158	.183	.186	.195
	+10			.160	.162	.178	.180	.193	.195	.207
	+15			.155	.158	.152	.155	.199	.192	.201

TABLE XX

Y FORCE IN POUNDS FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5

[Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Rudder setting $\delta_r$	Angle of yaw $\psi$	Long bare hull	Short bare hull	Long hull with control No.—				Short hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5	Long hull control No. 6, computed from short
				1	2	3	4			
Degrees	Degrees	+0.001	+0.001	+0.002	-0.002	-0.003	+0.003	-0.002	+0.006	0
		+0.035	-0.036	-0.065	-0.057	-0.078	-0.070	-0.052	-0.053	-0.053
		+0.063	-0.062	-0.146	-0.123	-0.176	-0.151	-0.127	-0.125	-0.130
		+0.091	-0.179	-0.295	-0.268	-0.362	-0.326	-0.264	-0.283	-0.276
		+0.120	-0.304	-0.483	-0.468	-0.582	-0.555	-0.485	-0.511	-0.503
		+0.149	-0.574							
		+0.178								
		+0.207								
		+0.236								
		+0.265								
+10	0	+0.379	+0.351	+0.372	+0.378	+0.403	+0.408	+0.421	+0.421	
		+0.180	+0.179	+0.178	+0.187	+0.187	+0.181	+0.199	+0.199	
		+0.040	+0.046	+0.016	-0.001	+0.066	+0.046	+0.046	+0.046	
		+0.031	-0.017	-0.073	-0.055	-0.011	-0.013	-0.068	-0.068	
		+0.060	-0.067	-0.132	-0.114	-0.067	-0.068	-0.066	-0.066	
		+0.149	-0.120	-0.207	-0.185	-0.128	-0.129	-0.129	-0.129	
		+0.224	-0.194	-0.309	-0.280	-0.212	-0.211	-0.213	-0.213	
		+0.336	-0.346	-0.505	-0.455	-0.370	-0.385	-0.382	-0.382	
		+0.603	-0.549	-0.726	-0.601	-0.589	-0.613	-0.607	-0.607	

TABLE XXI

Y FORCE IN POUNDS FOR HULLS WITH NO. 6 CONTROL SURFACES

[Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Rudder setting $\delta_r$	Angle of yaw $\psi$	Fins No. 6 (without elevators and rudders) on—		Control No. 6A on—		Control No. 6B on—		Control No. 6C on—		Control No. 6D on—	
		Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull
Degrees	Degrees	+0.003	+0.003	+0.002	+0.002	+0.001	+0.001	+0.007	+0.007	+0.004	+0.004
		-0.044	-0.045	-0.054	-0.065	-0.063	-0.054	-0.065	-0.055	-0.055	-0.056
		-0.115	-0.118	-0.125	-0.128	-0.128	-0.181	-0.126	-0.129	-0.128	-0.131
		-0.247	-0.259	-0.261	-0.273	-0.266	-0.278	-0.274	-0.286	-0.277	-0.289
		-0.451	-0.469	-0.450	-0.493	-0.487	-0.505	-0.493	-0.511	-0.503	-0.521
		-0.871	-0.913	-0.902	-0.944	-0.891	-0.893	-0.896	-0.973	-0.954	-0.996
		+0.873	+0.915	+0.854	+0.896	+0.886	+0.886	+0.873	+0.818	+0.820	+0.830
		+0.435	+0.453	+0.412	+0.430	+0.392	+0.410	+0.375	+0.383	+0.383	
		+0.225	+0.237	+0.237	+0.219	+0.198	+0.210	+0.190	+0.202	+0.190	
		+0.081	+0.084	+0.070	+0.073	+0.056	+0.059	+0.059	+0.062	+0.062	
+10	0	+0.007	+0.008	-0.005	-0.004	-0.010	-0.009	-0.010	-0.018	-0.017	
		-0.050	-0.050	-0.058	-0.058	-0.067	-0.067	-0.067	-0.072	-0.072	
		-0.101	-0.102	-0.118	-0.119	-0.123	-0.124	-0.124	-0.127	-0.127	
		-0.178	-0.181	-0.192	-0.195	-0.203	-0.203	-0.214	-0.217	-0.217	
		-0.336	-0.348	-0.359	-0.371	-0.374	-0.386	-0.388	-0.400	-0.400	
		-0.563	-0.581	-0.589	-0.607	-0.602	-0.620	-0.617	-0.635	-0.635	
		-0.999	-1.041	-1.026	-1.068	-1.042	-1.064	-1.063	-1.105	-1.105	
		+0.820	+0.862	+0.774	+0.816	+0.738	+0.780	+0.700	+0.742	+0.742	
		+0.385	+0.403	+0.352	+0.370	+0.326	+0.344	+0.304	+0.322	+0.322	
		+0.171	+0.183	+0.163	+0.165	+0.133	+0.145	+0.116	+0.128	+0.128	
+20	0	+0.034	+0.037	+0.012	+0.016	-0.002	+0.001	-0.018	-0.015	-0.015	
		-0.036	-0.035	-0.055	-0.064	-0.072	-0.071	-0.066	-0.065	-0.065	
		-0.097	-0.097	-0.112	-0.112	-0.126	-0.126	-0.144	-0.144	-0.144	
		-0.156	-0.157	-0.169	-0.170	-0.183	-0.184	-0.203	-0.204	-0.204	
		-0.235	-0.238	-0.244	-0.247	-0.270	-0.273	-0.290	-0.293	-0.293	
		-0.407	-0.419	-0.460	-0.472	-0.452	-0.464	-0.476	-0.488	-0.488	
		-0.636	-0.654	-0.678	-0.694	-0.689	-0.707	-0.709	-0.727	-0.727	
		-1.085	-1.127	-1.107	-1.149	-1.137	-1.179	-1.168	-1.208	-1.208	

TABLE XXII

Z FORCE IN POUNDS FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5

[Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

TABLE XXIII

Z FORCE, IN POUNDS, FOR HULLS WITH NO. 6 CONTROL SURFACES

[Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Elevator setting °	Angle of pitch °	Fins No. 6 (without elevators or rudders on)		Control No. 6A on—		Control No. 6B on—		Control No. 6C on—		Control No. 6D on—	
		Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull
Degrees	Degrees										
0	0	+0.017	+0.017	+0.019	+0.019	+0.017	+0.017	+0.019	+0.019	+0.015	+0.015
	+2	+0.078	+0.079	+0.083	+0.084	+0.085	+0.085	+0.088	+0.088	+0.084	+0.084
	+4	+0.147	+0.150	+0.163	+0.166	+0.163	+0.166	+0.168	+0.168	+0.172	+0.172
	+7	+0.287	+0.299	+0.327	+0.349	+0.337	+0.349	+0.348	+0.360	+0.353	+0.365
	+10	+0.516	+0.534	+0.574	+0.592	+0.587	+0.605	+0.595	+0.613	+0.603	+0.621
	+15	+0.946	+0.988	+1.068	+1.110	+1.080	+1.122	+1.065	+1.127	+1.102	+1.144
	-15	-0.907	-0.949	-0.871	-0.913	-0.850	-0.892	-0.838	-0.892	-0.858	-0.880
	-10	-0.447	-0.465	-0.457	-0.455	-0.425	-0.443	-0.414	-0.425	-0.414	-0.432
	-7	-0.232	-0.244	-0.233	-0.235	-0.218	-0.230	-0.202	-0.230	-0.202	-0.214
	-4	-0.071	-0.074	-0.089	-0.062	-0.028	-0.031	-0.034	-0.028	-0.034	-0.037
	-2	+0.015	+0.014	+0.025	+0.024	+0.031	+0.030	+0.042	+0.031	+0.042	+0.041
+10	0	+0.074	+0.074	+0.085	+0.085	+0.092	+0.092	+0.105	+0.092	+0.105	+0.108
	+2	+0.148	+0.149	+0.157	+0.158	+0.170	+0.170	+0.171	+0.170	+0.179	+0.180
	+4	+0.230	+0.233	+0.245	+0.243	+0.254	+0.254	+0.257	+0.257	+0.260	+0.260
	+7	+0.410	+0.422	+0.426	+0.438	+0.438	+0.450	+0.458	+0.450	+0.468	+0.468
	+10	+0.645	+0.663	+0.668	+0.684	+0.684	+0.703	+0.704	+0.703	+0.722	+0.722
	+15	+1.140	+1.183	+1.163	+1.205	+1.178	+1.200	+1.201	+1.200	+1.243	+1.243
	-15	-0.788	-0.880	-0.671	-0.713	-0.784	-0.796	-0.730	-0.786	-0.770	-0.772
	-10	-0.385	-0.403	-0.371	-0.389	-0.382	-0.370	-0.330	-0.382	-0.348	-0.348
	-7	-0.177	-0.189	-0.158	-0.170	-0.148	-0.160	-0.129	-0.148	-0.141	-0.141
	-4	+0.006	+0.003	+0.008	+0.005	+0.020	+0.017	+0.064	+0.020	+0.081	+0.081
	-2	+0.074	+0.073	+0.099	+0.098	+0.105	+0.104	+0.125	+0.105	+0.124	+0.124
+20	0	+0.133	+0.133	+0.154	+0.154	+0.172	+0.172	+0.195	+0.172	+0.195	+0.195
	+2	+0.204	+0.205	+0.221	+0.222	+0.245	+0.245	+0.268	+0.245	+0.268	+0.254
	+4	+0.287	+0.290	+0.314	+0.317	+0.340	+0.343	+0.367	+0.340	+0.370	+0.370
	+7	+0.483	+0.495	+0.514	+0.526	+0.549	+0.561	+0.586	+0.549	+0.578	+0.578
	+10	+0.721	+0.739	+0.773	+0.791	+0.800	+0.818	+0.826	+0.800	+0.844	+0.844
	+15	+1.221	+1.263	+1.269	+1.311	+1.323	+1.365	+1.341	+1.323	+1.383	+1.383

TABLE XXIV

**NET MEASURED PITCHING MOMENT, IN POUND-INCHES, FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES  
NOS. 1 TO 5**

[Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Elevator setting $\delta_e$	Angle of pitch $\theta$	Long bare hull	Short bare hull	Long hull with control No.—				
				1	2	3	4	5
Degrees	Degrees	0	0	-0.45	-0.40	-0.90	-0.83	-0.55
	+2	+3.47	+2.95	+1.82	+2.20	+1.39	+1.36	+2.36
0	+4	+6.81	+5.95	+3.78	+4.61	+2.92	+2.95	+4.76
	+7	+11.34	+10.13	+8.65	+8.60	+3.98	+4.63	+7.36
	+10	+14.70	+13.63	+6.11	+7.81	+3.99	+4.88	+7.36
	+15	+19.55	+18.20					
	-10							-11.24
	-7							-10.00
	-4							-7.29
	-2							-4.77
+10	0							-2.16
	+2							+4.44
	+4							+2.79
	+7							+4.00
	+10							+5.42
	-10			-10.71	-12.14	-11.59	-12.19	-12.83
	-7			-9.52	-10.64	-11.00	-11.41	-11.22
	-4			-7.64	-7.77	-9.50	-9.76	-8.56
	-2			-5.76	-5.58	-8.13	-8.17	-6.25
	0			-3.56	-3.27	-6.60	-6.41	-3.61
	+2			-1.70	-0.94	-5.16	-4.91	-0.85
	+4			+1.19	+1.32	-3.83	-3.46	+1.31
	+7			+1.90	+2.30	-2.43	-2.00	+3.40
	+10			+2.10	+4.05	-2.68	-1.63	+3.49
Axis of moments		1.88" forward of C. B.	1.78" forward of C. B.	0.70" forward of C. B.				0.61" aft of C. B.

TABLE XXV

PITCHING MOMENT IN POUND-FEET FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5

[Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Moment axis at C. B. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

TABLE XXVI

NET MEASURED PITCHING MOMENT FOR SHORT MODEL AND COMPUTED PITCHING MOMENT IN POUND-FEET  
FOR LONG MODEL WITH NO. 6 CONTROL SURFACES

[Model at 0° yaw and rudders neutral. Moment axis at C. B. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Elevator setting $\delta_e$	Angle of pitch $\delta$	Fins No. 6 (without elevators or rudders) on—		Control No. 6A on—		Control No. 6B on—		Control No. 6C on—		Control No. 6D on—	
		Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull
Degrees	Degrees										
0	0	-0.046	-0.048	-0.054	-0.057	-0.054	-0.057	-0.052	-0.055	-0.052	-0.054
	+2	+1.197	+2.285	+1.148	+1.185	+1.144	+1.181	+1.142	+1.179	+1.145	+1.186
	+4	+4.407	+4.470	+3.832	+3.893	+3.826	+3.873	+3.817	+3.877	+3.816	+3.876
	+7	+7.612	+7.701	+5.116	+5.568	+5.497	+5.578	+5.491	+5.571	+5.483	+5.563
	+10	+10.695	+10.766	+7.575	+8.030	+7.544	+8.048	+7.536	+8.089	+7.516	+8.056
	+15	+15.734	+15.804	+11.570	+12.621	+11.536	+12.583	+11.511	+12.611	+11.492	+12.539
	+18			+9.16	+9.93	+9.80	+10.010	+9.943	+10.028	+9.948	+10.034
	+10			+8.87	+9.80	+9.03	+9.80	+9.19	+9.936	+9.932	+10.010
	-7			+7.92	+9.09	+8.16	+9.08	+8.86	+9.84	+8.845	+9.946
	-4			+5.92	+6.68	+6.14	+6.89	+6.42	+7.21	+6.66	+7.734
	-2			+4.12	+4.63	+4.35	+4.88	+4.59	+5.12	+4.93	+5.37
	0			+2.15	+2.25	+2.23	+2.56	+2.57	+2.70	+2.87	+3.02
	+2			+0.17	+0.12	+0.07	+0.19	+0.73	+0.48	+1.100	+0.075
	+4			+1.60	+2.11	+1.32	+0.83	+0.67	+1.135	+0.81	+1.106
	+7			+3.21	+3.93	+2.78	+3.43	+2.12	+2.81	+1.82	+2.47
	+10			+3.59	+4.11	+3.04	+3.49	+2.50	+3.81	+2.02	+2.40
	+15			+3.29	+3.75	+2.61	+2.42	+1.82	+2.17	+1.18	+1.41
	+18			+1.107	+1.204	+1.158	+1.267	+1.208	+1.305	+1.240	+1.341
	+10			+1.044	+1.128	+1.087	+1.170	+1.153	+1.239	+1.191	+1.280
	-7			+0.948	+1.050	+0.935	+1.102	+1.047	+1.155	+1.032	+1.193
	-4			+0.747	+0.881	+0.782	+0.867	+0.844	+0.930	+0.891	+0.986
	-2			+0.550	+0.610	+0.604	+0.688	+0.688	+0.721	+0.721	+0.788
	0			+0.307	+0.378	+0.406	+0.420	+0.475	+0.499	+0.525	+0.553
	+2			+0.171	+0.150	+0.205	+0.207	+0.310	+0.295	+0.358	+0.346
	+4			+0.009	+0.034	+0.075	+0.036	+0.163	+0.128	+0.217	+0.186
	+7			+0.125	+0.187	+0.066	+0.114	+0.021	+0.031	+0.117	+0.065
	+10			+0.152	+0.188	+0.078	+0.100	+0.017	+0.007	+0.106	+0.087
	+15			+0.111	+0.146	+0.019	+0.046	+0.117	+0.100	+0.186	+0.183

TABLE XXVII  
PITCHING MOMENT AT 40 MILES PER HOUR  
[Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral]

Condition of model	Rudder setting $\delta_r$	Angle of yaw $\psi$	Net measured pitching moment	Axis of net measured moment	Pitching moment about C. B.
Long bare hull					
Short bare hull					
Long hull, control No. 1					
Long hull, control No. 2					
Long hull, control No. 3					
Long hull, control No. 4					
Short hull, control No. 5					
Long hull, control No. 5 <sup>1</sup>					
Long hull, control No. 5 <sup>1</sup>					
Short hull, fins No. 6					
Without elevators or rudders					
Long hull, fins No. 6 <sup>1</sup>					
Without elevators or rudders					
Short hull, control No. 6A					
Long hull, control No. 6A <sup>1</sup>					
Short hull, control No. 6B					
Long hull, control No. 6B <sup>1</sup>					
Short hull, control No. 6C					
Long hull, control No. 6C <sup>1</sup>					
Short hull, control No. 6D					
Long hull, control No. 6D <sup>1</sup>					
	Degrees	Degrees	Pound-inches		Pound-feet
	0 to +15	0 to +15	0 1.88" forward of C. B. 1.73" forward of O. B.		0
			- .45 - .40 - .65 - .59 - .65 - .67		- .038 - .038 - .043 - .048 - .054 - .056
			do do At C. B. 0.61" aft of C. B.		
			- .55 At C. B.		- .046
			- .65 At C. B.		- .054
			- .62 do		- .052

<sup>1</sup> Computed from short model.

TABLE XXVIII

NET MEASURED YAWING MOMENT IN POUND-INCHES FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5

[Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Rudder setting $\delta_r$	Angle of yaw $\psi$	Long bare hull	Short bare hull	Long hull with control No.—				
				1	2	3	4	5
Degrees	Degrees	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		+2	+3.47	+2.95	+2.65	+3.08	+2.10	+2.56
		+4	+6.81	+5.95	+4.93	+5.54	+4.11	+4.74
		+7	+11.34	+10.13	+7.56	+8.46	+6.15	+7.06
		+10	+14.70	+13.63	+9.21	+10.47	+7.13	+7.94
		+15	+19.55	+18.20				+10.28
		-10						-11.78
		-7						-10.00
		-4						-6.28
		-2						-4.17
+10	0							-1.38
								+1.62
								+4.35
								+6.73
								+7.99
								-12.68
								-10.96
								-8.19
								-5.35
								-2.47
+15	+10	0			-11.66	-12.53	-12.25	-12.07
		-7			-9.69	-10.52	-10.27	-10.51
		-4			-7.06	-7.38	-8.19	-8.16
		-2			-5.06	-5.01	-6.46	-6.16
		0			-2.68	-2.33	-2.40	-3.91
		+2			+0.04	+0.44	-2.41	-1.72
		+4			+2.50	+2.95	-4.48	+1.19
		+7			+4.92	+5.86	+1.43	+2.45
		+10			+6.37	+7.28	+2.13	+3.32
								+7.34
Axis of moments		1.88" forward of C. B.	1.78" forward of C. B.	0.70" forward of C. B.			0.61" aft of C. B.	

TABLE XXIX

YAWING MOMENT IN POUND-FEET FOR BARE HULLS AND HULLS WITH CONTROL SURFACES NOS. 1 TO 5

[Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Moment axis at C. B. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Rudder setting $\delta_r$	Angle of yaw $\psi$	Long bare hull	Short bare hull	Long hull with control No.—				Net measured short hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5	Long hull, control No. 5, computed from short
				1	2	3	4			
Degrees	Degrees	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		+2	+295	+251	+225	+280	+190	+217	+205	+247
		+4	+573	+507	+419	+468	+353	+404	+400	+464
		+7	+975	+871	+648	+721	+533	+607	+634	+721
		+10	+1.275	+1.182	+0.798	+0.900	+0.628	+0.693	+0.772	+0.831
		+15	+1.726	+1.603						+0.840
		-10								-0.961
		-7								-0.823
		-4								-0.579
		-2								-0.348
+10	0	0								-0.118
										+0.130
										+0.354
										+0.543
										+0.637
										-1.035
										-1.042
										-0.906
										-0.920
										-0.693
+15	+10	-10			-0.995	-1.063	-1.042	-1.027	-0.963	-1.023
		-7			-0.818	-0.888	-0.874	-0.858	-0.817	-0.806
		-4			-0.690	-0.617	-0.683	-0.680	-0.617	-0.680
		-2			-0.420	-0.417	-0.534	-0.641	-0.416	-0.447
		0			-0.217	-0.195	-0.359	-0.319	-0.193	-0.209
		+2			+0.012	+0.044	-0.189	-0.133	0	+0.038
		+4			+0.222	+0.259	-0.022	+0.032	+0.191	+0.268
		+7			+0.432	+0.508	+0.143	+0.281	+0.387	+0.474
		+10			+0.681	+0.634	+0.220	+0.317	+0.507	+0.580

TABLE XXX

NET MEASURED YAWING MOMENT FOR SHORT MODEL AND COMPUTED YAWING MOMENT IN POUND-FEET FOR LONG MODEL WITH NO. 6 CONTROL SURFACES

[Model at 0° pitch and elevators neutral. Moment axis at C. B. Air speed, 40 miles per hour]

Rudder setting $\delta_r$	Angle of yaw $\psi$	Fins No. 6 (without elevators or rudders) on—		Control No. 6A on—		Control No. 6B on—		Control No. 6C on—		Control No. 6D on—	
		Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull	Short hull	Long hull
Degrees	Degrees										
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	+2	+.234	+.277	+.207	+.249	+.204	+.246	+.208	+.249	+.207	+.248
	+4	+.450	+.535	+.402	+.408	+.400	+.408	+.404	+.470	+.403	+.469
	+7	+.695	+.789	+.646	+.739	+.638	+.730	+.638	+.724	+.617	+.707
	+10	+.812	+.984	+.758	+.826	+.745	+.812	+.733	+.799	+.712	+.777
	+15	+.910	+.993	+.830	+.906	+.811	+.890	+.800	+.872	+.767	+.836
	-15			-1.023	-1.104	-1.062	-1.146	-1.062	-1.147	-1.079	-1.103
	-10			-0.918	-0.992	-0.888	-1.016	-0.930	-1.020	-0.960	-1.043
	-7			-0.792	-0.889	-0.808	-0.908	-0.817	-0.918	-0.881	-0.933
	-4			-0.572	-0.644	-0.579	-0.653	-0.585	-0.678	-0.604	-0.683
	-2			-0.362	-0.410	-0.376	-0.426	-0.392	-0.443	-0.401	-0.453
	0			-0.140	-0.147	-0.154	-0.154	-0.175	-0.184	-0.190	-0.200
	+2			+.074	+.109	+.054	+.087	+.033	+.065	+.017	+.049
	+4			+.263	+.322	+.260	+.306	+.225	+.280	+.192	+.245
	+7			+.478	+.561	+.486	+.536	+.414	+.492	+.372	+.446
	+10			+.584	+.640	+.551	+.605	+.502	+.554	+.458	+.508
	+15			+.651	+.716	+.592	+.651	+.544	+.604	+.485	+.539
	-15			-1.161	-1.249	-1.233	-1.328	-1.282	-1.382	-1.300	-1.406
	-10			-1.036	-1.118	-1.093	-1.178	-1.133	-1.223	-1.160	-1.253
	-7			-0.894	-0.999	-0.948	-1.056	-0.932	-1.063	-1.017	-1.130
	-4			-0.675	-0.754	-0.708	-0.789	-0.746	-0.828	-0.701	-0.877
	-2			-0.473	-0.527	-0.517	-0.573	-0.552	-0.611	-0.602	-0.663
	0			-0.263	-0.280	-0.308	-0.326	-0.358	-0.370	-0.403	-0.424
	+2			-0.069	-0.032	-0.100	-0.076	-0.160	-0.127	-0.200	-0.179
	+4			+.130	+.181	+.083	+.133	+.042	+.086	-0.038	+.004
	+7			+.228	+.401	+.278	+.340	+.202	+.267	+.106	+.167
	+10			+.426	+.476	+.352	+.393	+.282	+.320	+.171	+.207
	+15			+.483	+.536	+.389	+.437	+.318	+.364	+.189	+.230

TABLE XXXI

YAW FORCES AND MOMENTS ON LONG MODEL HULL WITH NO. 5 CONTROL SURFACES

[Model at 0° pitch. Elevators and rudders neutral. Air speed, 30 miles per hour]

Angle of yaw $\psi$	Net measured cross-wind force $C$	Net measured drag $D$	Yawing moment $N_y$ axis 0.61" aft C. B.	X force	Y force	Yawing moment $N_y$ axis at C. B.
Degrees	Pounds	Pounds	Pound-inches	Pounds	Pounds	Pound-feet
0	0	0.000	0	+.090	0	0
+15	-.560	.237	+6.72	+.085	-.602	+.529
+30	-1.342	.847	+8.06	+.062	-1.585	+.341
+45	-1.980	1.936	+8.02	-.032	-2.789	+.111
+60	-1.975	2.962	+4.16	-.230	-3.553	+.166
+75	-1.457	8.685	+3.35	-.461	-3.916	-.169
+90	-.477	3.738	-14.69	-.477	-3.738	-1.415

TABLE XXXII

## OSCILLATION DATA FOR LONG MODEL AND APPARATUS AT VARIOUS AIR SPEEDS

[Model at 0° pitch. Elevators and rudders neutral]

Air speed, miles per hour	Number of oscillations to reduce amplitude from 3.5 to $\frac{1}{2}$									
	Amplitude $\frac{1}{2}$ (degrees)									
	3.5	3.0	2.6	2.3	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.0
Apparatus and bare hull combined										
0	0	14.0	27.5	39.0	51.5	61.0	72.0	84.5	98.5	115.0
10	0	12.0	22.5	31.5	42.0	50.0	59.0	69.0	80.5	94.0
20	0	9.5	18.5	26.5	34.5	41.5	48.5	57.0	66.5	78.0
30	0	8.5	16.0	22.5	29.5	35.0	41.0	49.5	56.5	65.5
Apparatus and hull with control No. 1 combined										
0	0	14.5	28.0	39.0	52.5	62.0	73.0	85.5	99.5	116.5
10	0	7.5	15.0	21.0	27.5	32.5	38.5	45.0	52.5	61.0
20	0	5.5	10.0	14.0	19.0	22.5	26.5	31.0	36.0	42.0
30	0	4.0	7.5	10.5	14.0	17.0	20.0	23.0	27.0	31.5
Apparatus and hull with control No. 2 combined										
0	0	15.0	28.5	40.0	53.5	63.0	74.0	87.0	101.0	119.0
10	0	8.0	15.5	22.0	29.0	35.0	41.0	48.0	56.0	65.5
20	0	5.5	11.0	15.0	20.0	24.0	28.0	33.0	38.5	45.0
30	0	4.0	8.0	11.5	15.0	18.0	21.0	25.0	29.0	34.0
Apparatus and hull with control No. 3 combined										
0	0	14.0	27.5	39.0	51.5	61.0	72.5	85.0	99.0	116.0
10	0	6.5	12.5	17.5	23.5	28.0	33.0	38.5	45.0	53.0
20	0	4.5	8.5	12.0	16.0	19.0	22.5	26.5	31.0	36.0
30	0	3.0	6.5	9.0	11.5	14.0	16.5	19.0	22.5	26.0
Apparatus and hull with control No. 4 combined										
0	0	14.0	27.5	39.0	51.5	61.5	72.0	84.5	98.5	115.0
10	0	7.0	14.0	19.5	25.5	31.0	36.0	42.5	49.5	55.0
20	0	5.0	9.0	12.5	17.0	20.0	23.5	27.5	32.0	37.5
30	0	3.5	7.0	9.0	12.5	15.0	17.5	20.5	24.0	28.0
Apparatus and hull with control No. 6A combined										
0	0	15.0	28.5	40.0	53.0	63.0	74.0	86.0	100.0	117.5
10	0	8.0	15.0	21.0	28.0	34.0	40.0	48.5	54.0	64.0
20	0	5.0	9.5	13.5	18.0	21.5	25.0	29.5	34.5	40.0
30	0	3.5	7.0	10.0	13.5	16.0	19.0	22.0	26.0	30.5
Apparatus and hull with control No. 6D combined										
0	0	14.0	27.5	39.0	52.0	61.5	72.0	85.0	99.0	116.0
10	0	7.5	14.0	20.0	26.5	31.5	37.0	43.5	51.0	59.5
20	0	5.0	9.5	13.0	17.5	21.0	25.0	29.0	34.0	40.0
30	0	3.5	7.0	10.0	13.0	15.0	19.0	22.0	26.0	30.0
Apparatus alone (taken after test on bare hull)										
0	0	16.0	30.0	42.0	55.5	66.0	77.5	90.0	106.0	123.0
10	0	12.5	23.5	33.0	44.5	53.0	62.0	72.0	84.0	98.0
20	0	10.5	20.0	28.0	37.0	44.0	51.5	60.0	70.0	81.5
30	0	9.0	17.0	24.0	32.0	33.0	44.5	52.0	61.0	71.0
Apparatus alone (taken after test on hull with No. 2 control)										
0	0	16.0	30.0	43.0	57.0	67.5	79.5	92.5	108.0	126.0
10	0	13.0	24.5	34.5	46.0	55.0	64.5	75.5	88.0	103.0
20	0	10.8	20.0	28.0	37.5	44.0	51.5	61.0	70.5	82.0
30	0	8.5	16.5	24.0	32.0	33.5	45.0	53.0	62.0	72.0

TABLE XXXIII

COEFFICIENT OF DAMPING MOMENT FOR LONG MODEL AND APPARATUS AT VARIOUS AIR SPEEDS

[Model at 0° pitch. Elevators and rudders neutral]

Airspeed, miles per hour	Number of oscillations to damp amplitude from 3° to 2° = $n$	Duration $t$ (seconds)	Period of complete oscillation $T = t/n$ (seconds)	Logarith- mic decrement $\lambda = \frac{1}{n} \log \frac{3}{2}$ = .405/n	Coefficient of damping moment $\mu$ or $\mu_a$ = $\frac{\pi I}{T}$ (slug-ft. <sup>2</sup> / sec.)
Bare hull and apparatus combined					
0	37.5	61.6	1.643	0.0108	0.055
10	30.0	42.5	1.650	.0135	.060
20	26.0	42.8	1.671	.0162	.082
30	21.0	35.9	1.708	.0193	.095
Hull with control No. 1 and apparatus combined					
0	38.0	64.3	1.692	0.0107	0.056
10	20.0	34.3	1.715	.0203	.107
20	13.5	23.8	1.727	.0300	.155
30	10.0	17.6	1.763	.0405	.208
Hull with control No. 2 and apparatus combined					
0	38.5	66.5	1.728	0.0105	0.057
10	21.0	36.4	1.732	.0193	.104
20	14.5	25.4	1.749	.0279	.149
30	11.0	19.6	1.780	.0368	.193
Hull with control No. 3 and apparatus combined					
0	37.5	64.8	1.727	0.0108	0.058
10	17.5	30.4	1.737	.0231	.124
20	11.5	20.1	1.750	.0352	.187
30	8.5	15.1	1.777	.0477	.250
Hull with control No. 4 and apparatus combined					
0	37.5	65.4	1.743	0.0108	0.059
10	18.5	32.2	1.741	.0219	.119
20	12.0	21.1	1.762	.0338	.182
30	9.0	16.1	1.786	.0450	.239
Hull with control No. 6A and apparatus combined					
0	38.0	68.4	1.747	0.0107	0.058
10	20.0	35.0	1.748	.0203	.110
20	13.0	22.9	1.765	.0300	.162
30	10.0	17.9	1.790	.0405	.216
Hull with control No. 6D and apparatus combined					
0	38.0	66.6	1.751	0.0107	0.058
10	19.0	33.3	1.750	.0213	.117
20	12.5	22.1	1.770	.0324	.175
30	9.5	17.0	1.790	.0426	.223
Apparatus alone (taken after test on bare hull)					
0	39.5	47.8	1.211	0.0103	0.039
10	32.0	38.8	1.213	.0127	.048
20	26.5	32.2	1.214	.0153	.068
30	23.0	28.0	1.216	.0176	.066
Apparatus alone (taken after test on hull with control No. 2)					
0	41.0	49.6	1.211	0.0099	0.037
10	33.0	40.0	1.213	.0123	.046
20	27.5	33.4	1.214	.0147	.056
30	23.5	28.6	1.215	.0172	.065

<sup>1</sup>For values of  $I$  see Table XXXIV. $\mu_a$  = Coefficient of damping moment for model and apparatus combined. $\mu_s$  = Coefficient of damping moment for apparatus alone.

TABLE XXXIV  
COMPUTATIONS FOR MOMENT OF INERTIA  $I = K_e T^2 / 4\pi^2$   
[ $K_e = M/4 = 61.60$  lb.-ft./rad.  $4\pi^2 = 39.47$ ]

Oscillating system	$T$ (seconds)	$I$ (slug- feet. <sup>2</sup> )
Bare hull and apparatus combined	1.643	4.213
Hull with control No. 1 and apparatus combined	1.692	4.487
Hull with control No. 2 and apparatus combined	1.723	4.661
Hull with control No. 3 and apparatus combined	1.737	4.655
Hull with control No. 4 and apparatus combined	1.743	4.740
Hull with control No. 6A and apparatus combined	1.747	4.763
Hull with control No. 6D and apparatus combined	1.751	4.785
Apparatus alone	1.211	2.288

TABLE XXXV  
COEFFICIENT OF DAMPING MOMENT FOR LONG MODEL ALONE AT VARIOUS AIR SPEEDS  
[Model at 0° pitch. Elevators and rudders neutral]

Air speed, miles per hour	Apparatus and model combined, $\mu_a = \frac{2I}{T}$ (Slug-ft. <sup>2</sup> /sec.)	Oscillating apparatus alone, $\mu_a = \frac{2I_a}{T_a}$ (Slug-ft. <sup>2</sup> /sec.)	Model alone, $\mu = \mu_a - \mu_s$ (Slug-ft. <sup>2</sup> /sec.)
<b>Bare hull</b>			
0	0.055	0.039	0.016
10	.069	.048	.021
20	.082	.058	.024
30	.095	.066	.029
<b>Hull with control surfaces No. 1</b>			
0	0.056	0.039	0.017
10	.107	.048	.050
20	.155	.058	.097
30	.208	.066	.134
<b>Hull with control surfaces No. 2</b>			
0	0.057	0.037	0.020
10	.104	.046	.058
20	.140	.056	.093
30	.193	.065	.128
<b>Hull with control surfaces No. 3</b>			
0	0.058	0.037	0.021
10	.124	.046	.078
20	.167	.056	.131
30	.230	.065	.185
<b>Hull with control surfaces No. 4</b>			
0	0.059	0.037	0.022
10	.119	.046	.078
20	.162	.056	.126
30	.239	.065	.174
<b>Hull with control surfaces No. 6A</b>			
0	0.063	0.037	0.021
10	.110	.046	.064
20	.162	.056	.108
30	.216	.065	.161
<b>Hull with control surfaces No. 6D</b>			
0	0.059	0.037	0.021
10	.117	.046	.071
20	.175	.056	.119
30	.228	.065	.163

TABLE XXXVI

## STABILITY CRITERION FOR LONG MODEL IN YAW

[Model at 0° pitch. Elevators and rudders neutral. Test speed, 40 miles per hour]

Condition of model	Moment arms <sup>a</sup>		Criterion <sup>b</sup> ratio of arms— $\frac{\mu' Y_\psi}{\alpha u N_\psi}$
	Disturbing	Reacting	
	$N_\psi/Y_\psi$	$a\mu/u^1$	
Bare hull.....	<i>Per cent</i> -145.7	<i>Per cent</i> 1.58	-0.011
Hull with No. 1 controls.....	-58.8	18.97	-.265
Hull with No. 2 controls.....	-82.2	12.56	-.156
Hull with No. 3 controls.....	-38.9	21.15	-.544
Hull with No. 4 controls.....	-56.8	19.86	-.350
Hull with No. 6A controls.....	-76.4	16.63	-.218
Hull with No. 6D controls.....	-73.2	18.83	-.257

<sup>a</sup> Here,  $\mu/u$  denotes slopes of lines in Figure 32.<sup>b</sup> This criterion— $Y_\psi N_\psi / \alpha u N_\psi$ , see Report No. 212, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics. $(Y_\psi, N_\psi) = (\partial Y/\partial\psi, \partial N/\partial\psi)$  at  $\psi=0^\circ$ . $a = s/m$ —scale ratio/mass of ship.

= 120 4/5426.67 slugs = 318.4.

<sup>1</sup> Given in percentage of airship length = 644.68 feet.